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FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—Sept. 5.

Sun Rises	5 35 A M
Sun Sets	6 22 P M
Day's Length	12 h 47 m
High Water at Southport	1 48 P M
High Water at Wilmington	4 20 P M

The Weather.

U. S Dep't of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 5.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 66°. 8 p. m., 78°; maximum, 81°; minimum, 61°; mean, 73.

Rainfall for the day, .00. rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .13

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Generally fair; except showers on the immediate coast, warmer in the interior; northeast to east winds.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain has fallen south of the Carolinas on the coast and along the Gulf coast, while fair weather has prevailed over the interior of the cotton belt during the twenty four hours ended at 8 a. m. It is much cooler this morning over the eastern portion and warmer over the western portion. Heavy rainfall reported from Eastman, Ga.—1 50 inches.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 3—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 8.8 feet.

OUTLINES.

In the New York dry goods market staple cottons are quiet and firm; prints strong and active. —— Emperor Williams' speech at Coblentz is ridiculed at home and abroad; it is interpreted as meaning that he intends hereafter to reign, in violation of the people's constitutional rights. —— In the yacht race at Newport, Vigilant beat Navahoe by fifty seconds. —— U. S. Consul General Lee, with his son and private secretary, left Havana yesterday by steamer for the United States; he said his departure had no significance; a Washington dispatch says it is quite probable he will not return to Havana. —— The dual alliance between Russia and France absorbs public attention in London; the government believes that it really means peace; in France, particularly Paris, the delirium continues; it is believed that Russia means to compel the restoration of Strasburg. —— A gas explosion and fire at Broad Ripple, Ind., caused the death of a number of people; damage to property is estimated at $10,000. —— F. H. Parker, president of the Produce Exchange bank, New York city, was drowned with his wife on a lake in the Adirondacks. —— Damaging evidence was introduced yesterday against the defendant in the Luetgert murder trial. —— A shock of earthquake was felt yesterday at Wytheville, Va. —— Announcement is made that Governor Longstreet will marry Miss Dortch, at Atlanta, Ga., next Wednesday. —— New York markets: Money on call was nominally at 1¼@1¼ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7⅛c; flour firm and unchanged; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red $1.02⅝; corn—spot steady, No. 2 35⅞c; rosin firm—strained common to good $1.45@1.50; spirits turpentine firm at 30¼@30⅝c.

Judging from Mr. Conger's letters Hon. Mark Hanna at times emphasizes in language not found in the dictionaries or Sunday school literature.

The Swatis is the name of one of the Indian tribes which is giving John Bull trouble on the Afghanistan border. John is hankering for a good chance to swat 'em.

There may be more or less prosperity laying around waiting for people to pick it up, but Uncle Sam hasn't struck it in big hunks yet. He came out $15,000,000 short in August.

Mobile, Ala., isn't putting on any airs as a manufacturing town, but the *Register* calls attention to the fact that she has 350 concerns that are engaged in converting things into other forms.

When the farmer's wife sells a gross of eggs to buy the sugar she bought with ten dozen a couple months ago she is presented with an object lesson showing how the tariff benefits her hens.

Acting Chief of Police McCullagh, of New York, says it is the duty of a policeman to be civil as well as faithful and efficient. That is a kind of civil service that ought to apply to all policemen.

The colored brother in Washington is catching on to Republican methods. Thomas Vassick Hawkins, a colored messenger in the Tax Collector's office, who was smart enough to learn the safe combination, got away with $8,625 and is wanted.

There is an old fellow on the Siberian coast, in the Arctic circle, who does a business of $100,000 a year, and never sees a dollar and don't want to. It is all barter. He trades whalebone, furs, etc., to the ships for tobacco, whiskey, flour, etc., which he trades with the natives.

Forrest H. Parker, president of the Produce Exchange Bank, of New York city and his wife, were drowned yesterday in Chain lake in the Adirondacks Mr Parker and his wife had gone out on the lake in a row boat. In the afternoon the boat was found floating on the lake bottom upwards. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 144. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,376

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following Reduced Rates of Subscription to The Morning Star:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The Star will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Hiram Maxim, the American inventor, who resides in London, is said to have made a great improvement in electric lighting which gives three times the illuminating power of the ordinary incandescent light. He uses a mineral film, which is a secret, instead of vegetable substance, which gives a light of intense brilliancy without red rays. While the vegetable film is costly he says he can make a thousand of his mineral films for a dollar.

Ex Governor Griggs, of New Jersey, talked hard sense when in an address before the American Bar Association he said the Legislatures in this country have been grinding out laws entirely too freely and rapidly for the people, so rapidly that even the lawyers can't always keep up with them. And a bad grist a good deal of it is.

The theatre hat is a perplexing problem in many cities. In Charleston the ladies—bless them for the good example—have eliminated it and solved the problem for that city by voluntarily removing the h. h's when they take their seats in the show houses, and give the people behind them a show to see the show.

The trustees of Brown University couldn't stand the pressure of public opinion and have asked President Andrews to reconsider and withdraw his resignation. They probably wish they had not written that letter, which brought his resignation and didn't bring that big Rockefeller donation.

There is a great shrinkage in real estate in Person county, in this State. The tax books this year show twenty-four thousand, six hundred and twenty six acres of land less in the county than there was last year. Some strange things have happened in this State since the combine got hold of it.

Hall Caine, the novelist, isn't laying awake nights thinking about the Klondike. He has just made a haul of $50,000 royalty on his new story, "The Christian."

Strange things are happening every day. A Kentucky man has patented a water filter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Buy cotton and hold it.
D. O'Connor—For rent.
Hall & Pearsall—Salt.
Seacoast Road—Schedule.
A. Prempert—Barber shop.
R. R. Bellamy—Turnip seed.
A. D. Brown—An early Fall.
E. VanLaer—We are offering.
D. L. Gore—Who wants to buy?
Vollers & Hashagen—Bacon.
W. C. Mitchell—Roof painting.
R. W. Hicks—Cream cheese, etc.
Boney & Harper—Money saved.
W. B. Cooper—Terrapin tobacco.
Mercer & Evans—Hard at work.
S. W. Sanders—Shredded codfish.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Place to trade.
J. L. Hill—Wilmington Directory.
King Grocery Co—Desire to thank.
C. W. Polvogt Co—Open'g announce't
J. W. Sneeden—Commissioner's sale.
J. W. Murchison—Capitola ranges.
The Sneed Co.—Cost not considered
W. E. Worth & Co.—True economy.
Sam'l Bear, Sr.—3,000 bushels corn.
Atlantic National Bank—Liberal loans.
National Bank of Wilmington—Statement.
Wil. Savings & Trust Co.—Make your idle money work.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

Rooms—For rent.
Greenewald—Fine footwear.
Mr. Luckett—Collier's Weekly.
J. J. Shepard—Carpets, mattings.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.

Vital Statistics.

The record in the office of Dr. W. D. McMillan, superintendent of health, for the past week shows that there have been 29 births, 15 whites and 14 colored; 18 deaths, 4 whites and 9 colored; 3 permits were granted for digging. The record also shows that death in the thirteen cases recorded was caused by the following diseases, viz; Tuberculosis, 1; continued fever, 1; marasmus, 1; typhoid pneumonia, 1; malarial fever, 2; teething, 1; paralysis, 1; apoplexy, 2; cordia astheniá, 1; unknown, 1.

U. S. District Attorney Aycock.

United States District Attorney Aycock, of Goldsboro, arrived in the city yesterday to investigate the charges against the Italian barquentine *Nord America*. The vessel had on board a quantity of almonds and escaped paying duty on them by including them as ship stores. They were sold, however, to fruit dealers here.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

—See fourth page for new advertisements.

— The Wilmington Stamp Works advertise a job press for sale.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Aldermen will be held tomorrow afternoon.

—The Board of Audit and Finance will meet in regular session Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

— Assistant Register of Deeds Manly issued marriage licenses the past week to three white couples.

— Rev. R. C. Beaman will occupy the pulpit of Fifth Street Methodist Church this morning and to-night.

— The next attraction at the Opera House will be the comedy, "The Widow Goldstein," Friday night the 13th inst.

— The bicycle relay race between two crack teams of the Carolina Cycle Club announced for Tuesday, has been postponed until the 17th inst.

—James Fore, colored, was before Justice Fowler yesterday afternoon, charged with contempt of court. Judgment was suspended upon the payment of costs.

— The Custom House, the Produce Exchange, and one or two stores on the wharf abandoned the one o'clock Saturday closing yesterday and kept open the regular hours.

— H. DeLeon Southerland, of this city, has been appointed one of the assistant marshals of the Winston Fair, which will be held the third week in next month. The appointment was made by Mr. P. H. Lybrook, chief marshal.

— The approach of the end of the season does not prevent a good many people from taking advantage of the Saturday excursion rates over the S. A. L., which will only be in effect one more Saturday. About one hundred people came in yesterday.

—O. H. Luckett, white, arrested Friday and bound over to the next term of the Criminal Court charged with stealing a watch from a colored excursionist from Marion, S. C. (as told in the Star yesterday) has employed Herbert McClammy, Esq., to defend him.

— The C. W. Polvogt Company make their opening announcement in the Star this morning. Their elegant new store, with a new line of dry goods and carpets, has been opened since Friday. Mr. R. M. McIntire, so well known to Wilmington people, will have charge of the carpet department.

—Reports of the condition of crops are not altogether so favorable at present. Mr. L. J. Cooper returned from a trip down in South Carolina yesterday and says that the farmers estimate their crops at one-third less than they did some time ago. Drought is what is making things look less hopeful.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

Middling cotton was only a half-cent higher in New York yesterday than it was in Wilmington.

The quotations for middling cotton yesterday at the ports mentioned were as follows: Wilmington, 7 cents; Savannah, 6¾; Charleston, 6⅝. Observe, please, that Wilmington is still the "drum major," and you know where he walks.

The cotton crop is beginning to move in considerable volume now. The receipts as posted at the Produce Exchange yesterday amounted to 789 bales. These figures did not include 693 bales which came in late yesterday afternoon over the W., C. & A. Railroad on a special train made up of twenty-two cars, and bringing cotton from points between Wedgefield, S. C., and Florence, S. C.

The most reliable information now indicates that the fellow who has been betting on 10 000,000 bales for the present crop season will have to "hedge."

Hemenway School Building.

The Hemenway school building which is about completed, will not be found wanting in its appointments during the coming school session. Five hundred handsome opera chairs, manufactured by the Bloomsburg School Furnishing Company of Bloomsburg, Pa., to be placed in the assembly hall in the second story, and four hundred Orion desks manufactured by the United States Furnishing Company of New York city, and eight fine teachers desks have been already purchased. All of the articles named are of the latest patent, and were secured by Mr. Jas F. Post, Jr., Chairman of School Committee No. 1, and Prof. M. C. S. Noble, Superintendent of the Public Schools, during a recent visit North. These two gentlemen were accompanied on their trip by Dr. E. A. Alderman, President of the University of North Carolina.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—12 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 15 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—715 bales cotton, 44 casks spirits turpentine, 338 bbls rosin, 49 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—10 casks spirits turpentine, 88 bbls rosin, 6 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—5 bales cotton, 31 casks spirits turpentine, 139 bbls rosin, 53 bbls tar.

Schr William—50 casks spirits turpentine, 167 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 789 bales; spirits turpentine, 140 casks; rosin, 560 bbls; tar, 139 bbls; crude turpentine, 80 bbls.

—Mrs. W. A. Farriss, of the Palace Bakery, who has been spending some time in Henderson, N. C., returned home yesterday.

THE TAX LISTS.

An Increase in Valuation of Property This Year as Compared with 1896.

A comparison of the city tax list for 1897 with that of 1896 makes a good showing for the recently completed list. The comparative figures are submitted herewith:

The total valuation of real estate for 1896 was $4,965,097; for 1897, $5,065,716, showing an increase of $100,619.

Personal property to the amount of $864,154 was listed last year; this year, $895,354; increase, $31,200.

Solvent credits as listed this year are $42 781 less than they were in 1896, the figures being: 1896, $391,486; 1897, $348,755.

The most marked increase is in stock of incorporations. Last year the amount listed was $93,415; the figures for 1897 are $389,237, a difference in favor of this year of $296 822. The increase is due to the fact that non-resident bank stock has been listed this year and not previously and corporations have listed their stock more closely than heretofore.

Amount of stock in trade and produce listed in 1896, $503,773. 1897, $477,888, showing a decrease of $27,935.

Amount of incomes listed in 1896 $96,493; in 1897, $117,766; an increase of $21,343.

Money on hand listed in 1896, $65,755. 1897, $168,188; an increase of $102,431.

The total footing up shows total valuation for 1896 $6,881,139; 1897, $6 863,129. This is an increase of $480,983.

The amount of taxes for this year is estimated at $118 061.54. Last year it was $123,408 53. The falling off is accounted for by the fact that the assessment this year is 1¼ cents on the hundred dollars, whereas last year it was 1⅝ cents. Besides, the poll tax this year is 75 cents less than it was last year.

THE COUNTY.

The county tax list has also been completed and will be turned over to the sheriff Monday.

The amount listed in 1896 was $7,453,952; in 1897, $7,928 993—a net gain of $475,041.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Total listed in 1897, $14,791,115, total listed in 1896, $13 835,091—gain, $956,024.

STOLEN WATCH RECOVERED.

Two Negro Women Charged with the Theft Arrested and Lodged in Jail.

Yesterday afternoon Deputy Sheriff J. P. Flynn succeeded in recovering the gold watch and chain stolen from John A. Lindsay, a white sailor, of the crew of the schooner *Tacoma*, now in port. Lindsay and another sailor, John Johnson, were relieved of a large sum of money and other valuables Wednesday night in a dive on Dock street. Thursday Deputy Flynn made a search for the stolen property, but without success. He then arrested five parties, two men and three women, all colored. Friday all the accused were tried before Justice Bunting and adjudged not guilty, except Rena Davis, who was bound over to the next term of the Criminal Court. Deputy Flynn again went in search of the stolen property, notifying proprietors of different stores where the missing articles would likely be offered for sale to be on the lookout. Yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock, Westley Sanders, one of the parties arrested Thursday, attempted to sell a gold watch and chain to T. C. Miller, colored, at his place of business on Dock street near Water. Sanders was at once arrested by Deputy Flynn and taken before Justice Bunting, before whom he stated that Rena Davis had given him the watch. The Davis woman was arrested, and then Sanders said he was mistaken, that a woman named Maggie Bland had given him the watch. Deputy Flynn arrested the Bland woman, who denied having given any one a watch; but Sanders stuck to his last story and Justice Bunting committed them both to jail in default of $100 bond each, to await trial to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Later in the afternoon Lindsay, one of the sailors robbed, was sent for and positively identified the watch and chain found in Sanders' possession as his property, stolen from him Wednesday night.

CAROLINA YACHT CLUB.

The Last Race of the Season—Won by the Mable—Several Yachts Disabled.

The last regatta of the season of the Carolina Yacht Club, yesterday afternoon, was full of excitement, and likewise mishaps. At 3 30 o'clock the preparatory signal was given, and fifteen minutes later the start was made in the following order, viz:

Nonesuch, Capt. Norwood Giles, Jr.
Sprite, Capt. Henry Peschau.
Mable, Capt. E. A. Metts.
Frolic, Capt. Thos. W. Davis.
Mist, Capt. C. S. Grainger.

After a pretty sail over the club's regular course and with the wind blowing a perfect gale, the Mable came in first, the Mist second and the Frolic third. The Ripple and Babble were unable to enter the race, having broken their masts. Before the race the Frolic broke a stay, the Mable broke her rudder, the Mist, the Sprite and the Nonesuch capsized; but all were able to repair and enter the race. Quite a crowd witnessed the contest.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the Star. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 7; Cincinnati, 6
Baltimore, 7; Pittsburg, 2.
Cleveland, 7; Philadelphia, 5.
Brooklyn, 7; Chicago, 3.
New York, 9, St. Louis, 3.
Washington, 7; Louisville, 7

WHERE THEY PLAY TO MORROW.

Cincinnati at Boston.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at New York.
Pittsburg at Baltimore.
Louisville at Washington.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost	Per Cent.
Boston	78	34	.696
Baltimore	75	38	.664
New York	69	39	.638
Cincinnati	68	45	.583
Cleveland	58	52	.509
Chicago	50	63	.446
Brooklyn	49	62	.441
Louisville	49	63	.437
Philadelphia	49	63	.437
Pittsburg	47	61	.435
Washington	46	61	.430
St. Louis	28	84	.250

HOW THEY STOOD SEPT 4TH 1896.

CLUBS.	Per cent	CLUBS.	Per cent
Baltimore	691	Philadelphia	478
Cincinnati	636	Brooklyn	478
Cleveland	618	New York	470
Chicago	566	Washington	470
Boston	561	St. Louis	307
Pittsburg	550	Louisville	266

All of the clubs will play two games to-morrow, except Cleveland and Philadelphia.

The Pirates lost yesterday's game on account of their inability to hit Nopr. Kelley made a home drive when two bags were occupied.

The New York-St. Louis game stood 8 to 1 in favor of the latter when the Giants commenced their half of the sixth inning; then the clouds rolled away, Seymour was on deck.

The Reds made all their runs yesterday in the five first innings and were four in the lead when the Beaneaters took an extra batting streak, which won the game.

The Senators would have whipped yesterday's game only for the poor work of McJames, which let the Colonels down with a draw.

Cape Fear Academy.

The twenty fifth annual session of Cape Fear Academy, an institution which in the past has classed among its pupils many of our most prominent and influential citizens, will commence Wednesday, the 15th inst. Prof. Washington Catlett, the principal, has secured the school building on Third street, between Princess and Market, formerly used by the Public High School, which is more commodious than the building formerly used and is much better adapted for school purposes. The coming session's work will be most advantageous, and among those who will embrace the opportunity afforded to attend Cape Fear Academy are a number of non-residents. Prof. Catlett will be ably assisted in his work by Prof. Fabius J. Haywood, Jr., A. B.

A Bold Robbery.

Last night about 11.15 o'clock a small colored boy walked into the Atlantic Cafe, corner Front and Red Cross streets, and seeing no one around, entered the private office of Mr. Henry Gieschen, one of the proprietors, and proceeded on a voyage of discovery. Every drawer of Mr. Gieschen's desk was ransacked, but only a few articles of nominal value were taken. As the thief made his exit he was discovered and immediately pursued, but the young scamp, after throwing away a watermelon, which he probably purchased at the market, hustled up Red Cross street and made his escape.

U. S. Civil Service Examination.

The United States Civil Service Commission has ordered that an examination be held by its local board in this city on Saturday, October 2d, 1897, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., for the grade of clerk in the postoffice service. Only citizens of the United States, 18 years of age or over, can be examined. Applications, in order to be accepted for this examination, will have to be filed with Mr. W. C. Craft, secretary of the local board of examiners, before the hour of closing September 28th.

Funeral of the Late Miss Smaw.

The funeral of the late Miss Annie Smaw, who died suddenly on the W. C. & A. train on Friday last, took place yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock from Fifth Street M. E. church. The pastor, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, officiated.

After the solemn services at the church were concluded the remains were carried to Bellevue cemetery, where they were placed in their last resting place. The pall bearers were Messrs. J. W. Hewett, W. H. Sholar, B. A. McClammy, W. K. Bell, J. M. McGowan and M. Mashburn.

Western Union Injunction Case.

The case of the Western Union Telegraph Company against the Railway Commission will be heard before the United States District Court, which meets here November 1st. A. G. Ricaud, Esq., and E. K. Bryan, Esq., have been retained to furnish legal assistance to Attorney General Walser, as have also Chas. A. Cook, of Warren, and Col. L. C. Edwards, of Oxford. The Western Union will produce a strong array of counsel.

Not Seriously Injured.

Capt. J. H. Williams, who received the intelligence Friday that his son, Mr. H. B Williams, had been badly scalded, received additional information yesterday to the effect that his son was not seriously injured and will be able to come home in a few days.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Vance Croom, of Burgaw, was here yesterday.

— Mr. E. E. Gorham, of Fayetteville, was here yesterday.

— Mr. Dan Carroll left yesterday for New York to visit relatives.

— Mrs. R. M. McIntire and family returned from Cheraw, S. C., yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. H. Clark and wife, of Clarkton, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Miss Mamie E. Daniel has returned from a visit to relatives at Garysburg.

— Mr. B. D. Townsend, of Bennettsville, S. C., was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. and Mrs. Jordan W. Branch, of this city, are visiting friends in Fayetteville.

— Mrs. Charles Terry and son, Charlie Love, have returned from a visit to friends at Garysburg.

— Mrs. W. R. Newsom and Miss Anne Myatt, of Raleigh, arrived yesterday on a visit to Mrs. J. R. Williams.

— Mr. A. L. Price, a popular young dry goods salesman, has accepted a position with the well known house of A. D. Brown.

— Mr. Cutlar Lee leaves for Fremont to morrow to act as purchasing agent at that point for Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son.

— Mr. Joseph McLaurin, of "Quercus," is here on a brief visit. The Star family were glad to have a call from him yesterday.

— Mr. W. R. Taylor, of the Traffic Department of the Atlantic Coast Line, left last evening for New York and other Northern cities.

— Mr. B. H. Marshall, of the Atlantic Coast Line, returned yesterday from a trip to New York, Niagara Falls and other places of interest.

—Mrs. Jennie Chestnutt, who has been housekeeper at the Orton Hotel for eight years, left yesterday on the steamship *Pawnee* to take a similar position in New York City. Her friends wish her much success and happiness in her new home. She will be accompanied by Mrs. Fannie Barden.

CATHERINE KENNEDY HOME.

The ladies of the Benevolent Society return their earnest thanks to the following friends for gifts to the Home during past month: Bishop A. A. Watson, $10.00; a friend, $5 00; Mrs. A. W. Dunning, $2 85; Mrs. Dr. Thomas, Sr., a bedstead, pictures, wine; Miss Puss Hancock, fruit and medicines; Mrs. Farrar, Mrs. Frank McNeill, Mrs. Jennie Wilder, ham, fruit, ice tickets and 2 packages; Miss Louise Harlowe, Mrs. R. J. Bunting, 4 packages and prints; Mrs. James Chadbourn, 2 packages. Miss Lorena Chadbourn, 1 package; Mrs. Carmichael, Mrs. John Wood, Mrs. Fillyaw, 4 packages; Mrs. Roger Moore, Mrs. Kate Meares, Mrs. Twining, Miss Maggie Hankins, Mrs. Tom Davis, Mrs. Carmer Davis, Mrs. J. L. Cantwell, Mrs. Tom Lauther, two packages; Mrs. W. R. French, Mr. Edward Warren, one hundred loaves of good fresh bread, which was distributed among twenty-two needy families, ten being given to the Home; a telephone for six months, through the instrumentality of Mr. H. L. Fentress, from the following gentlemen: West & Co., Mr. J. P. Hopewell, Mr. C. W. Yates, H. J. Gerken, Holmes & Watters, A. J. Hankins, F. L. Woodruff, Mr. Donaldson, Col. Roger Moore, B. F. Hall, J. L. Croom & Co., H. L. Fentress; Mr. Garrell and Mr. Hayes, beef; Col. Cantwell, money; Mrs. Dallas Fennell, milk.

We call attention to next Tuesday as being our regular visiting day.

The thanks of the Benevolent Society are due to all who participated in the base ball game at Hilton Park, and especially to Manager J. H. Hinton for his kind thoughtfulness in proposing the object to be the Home for old ladies, and for his earnestness and zeal in working up an interest in it. We are very grateful to the Star, *Messenger* and *Dispatch* for keeping the matter before the public and for all past favors accorded us.

Our expenditures this Summer have been greater than the receipts, so the proceeds of the game ($17 00) will be especially helpful at this time. Again, we thank all concerned

Benevolent Society.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, Fourth street above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim, pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock. No service at night. Sunday school at 9.30 a. m. All seats free and every person cordially invited.

Services in St. John's church to-day by the rector, Rev. James Carmichael, D. D. Litany, sermon and Holy Communion, 11 a. m. Sunday school, 5 p. m.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church corner of Market and Sixth streets. Rev. K. Boldt pastor. English service at 11 a. m. No service at night Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. All seat free.

St. James', Twelfth Sunday after Trinity; 11 a. m., the Litany, sermon, and the Holy Communion; 6 p. m., evening prayer. Strangers cordially invited.

COLORED CHURCHES.

St. Stephen's A. M. E. church, corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev. E. J. Gregg, pastor. Preaching to-day at 10.30 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school 1 30 p. m. Sacrament Lord's Supper 3 p. m. Evening subject, "Our Girls."

Finished His Work.

The thief who tried to remove a pane of glass from the window of Mr. P. H. Smith's store, 608 North Fourth street, on Thursday night, made another and successful attempt last night. About 78 cents was missed out of the money drawer. The burglar evidently thrust his arm through the opening, opened the drawer and took the money.

Bitten by a Snake.

Jim Smith, a colored youth, aged 17 years, was bitten by a snake near the saw mill of E. Kidder's Son yesterday morning. He described the snake as being of a yellow color. It was a moccasin, probably. The wound was not a dangerous or a very painful one.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to The Morning Star? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to The Morning Star.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to The Morning Star.

Do not forget that The Morning Star is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

THE PEANUT OUTLOOK.

Prospects for a Large Yield Have Weakened the Market.

[*Norfolk Virginian*]

The *Virginian* learns from reliable sources that the prospect for a large crop of peanuts in two-thirds of the peanut belt is favorable for as large a yield as for several years past.

In some sections there have been excessive rains, but not enough, however, to materially damage the crop. The prospects for a large yield and other conditions have weakened the market on farmers' stock, and there are free offerings at reduced prices.

Some large sales are reported as having been made in the country at 2¼c and 2½c, which of course will weaken the market for hand picked nuts.

Labor Day.

To morrow is labor day and a national holiday. The banks will transact no business whatever. The post office will be open for general delivery from 9 to 10 a. m. and 6 to 7 p. m. The early morning delivery will be made by the carriers and the collections will be the same as on Sundays. Money order and registry department closed all day.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

At a called meeting of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, held at their hall on August 31st, 1897, a committee was appointed to prepare resolutions of respect to the memory of our departed brother member Jas. W. Furlong, and also of condolence with his afflicted family.

Whereas, In the dispensing of justice from an All-wise and Merciful God, we as a Society are called upon to record the death of our young and respected brother, James W. Furlong, who peacefully passed away on Monday afternoon, August 30, 1897, and in the triumph of a living faith in God his Heavenly Father, and in hope of a glorious immortality,

Resolved, That it is with profound sorrow that we are called upon to record the demise of James W. Furlong.

Resolved, That the Society has lost an energetic and faithful member, whose youth gave promise of a bright future, and whose presence was a strong incentive to the younger members.

Resolved, That the Society extend its sympathy to the bereaved family; that a copy of these resolutions be sent them.

Resolved, That the secretary be instructed to spread these resolutions on the minute book of the Society in memory of the deceased.

Frank P. Donlan,
T. B. Carroll,
Wm. Flanagan,
T. J. Torpy,
Committee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

No business will be transacted by the banks of this city Monday, September 6, (Labor Day).

Murchison & Co., Bankers,
National Bank of Wilmington,
Atlantic National Bank.
sep 5 1t

For Rent.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES.

Apply to

D. O'Connor,
Real Estate Agent.
sep 5 tf

Stockholders Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Onslow Land Investment Co will be held at the office of Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Tuesday the 14th of September, 1897, at 12 o'clock M.

Dr. E. Porter,
President.
sep 1 2w

Buy Cotton and Hold It.

It Is The Only Cheap Thing Left.

sep 4 2t

Terrapin Tobacco.

25 Boxes Terrapin Tobacco.
40 Boxes Big 4 Tobacco.
2 2Boxes Little Trotter Tobacco.
35 Boxes Honest Boy Tobacco.
15 Boxes Red Corn Tobacco
10 Boxes Leader Tobacco.
90 Boxes Damaged Tobacco.

W. B. COOPER.
sep 5 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

MONEY SAVED.

CASH BUYERS OF

Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran,

Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c.,

should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.

Boney & Harper.
au 15 tf

Special Bargains

—IN—

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

No. 11 South Front Street, First-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

je 30 tf Arthur Prempert

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Place to Trade.

Wait and See Our

FALL STOCK.

Goods Arriving Daily.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

The Latest Styles.

NEW LACES AND EMBROIDERIES

at special prices.

New Carpets, Nice Patterns

New Rugs, a Pretty Line

New Shades and Lace Curtains.

New Clothing and Hats. New Shoes.

If you want to save money come and see our stock. Our prices and qualities will interest you.

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $3 and up. sep 5 tf

We sell on Commission

D. S. Sides

D. S. Cut Sides,

D. S. Fat Backs,

D. S. Bellies,

D. S. Plates,

Cotton Ties.

Goods shipped on lowest market price at the day.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wilmington, N. C.,

Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.
an 29 tf

WE KEEP BUSY, HARD AT WORK HANDLING SHOES. But we will take time to place you on our extensive list of customers and supply you with tickets that you also may try to get the HANDSOME WATCH which will be given to some person on October 1st, 1897. If you begin at once you may yet outstrip some who began earlier. It costs you nothing to try. Begin now, learn the system and be ready for the next contest. Watch our window. We will try and make it interesting for our kind patrons. See us or you may regret it.

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors of H. C. Evans,
sep 5 tf 115 Princess street.

We Desire to Thank

Our patrons for the flattering reception accorded us during the past six weeks and to assure them that it is our earnest desire to please them in every possible manner. To this end all of our energies are bent, and if when you call there are others ahead of you, bear with us and it will be only a few minutes until you are served. We will save you money just as certain as you trade with us.

Granulated Sugar 5½c per pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell 'Phone 387. sep 4 tf

At the Unlucky Corner

"Beardsley's"

Shredded Codfish,

A most delightful breakfast dish. Ready for the table in 15 minutes. No soaking, no boiling, no odor.

The Genuine Cod.

Try it once and you'll have no other.

S. W. Sanders.

Telephone No. 109. au 29 tf

We Are Offering

THE VERY BEST

PIANOS AND ORGANS

At Extremely Low Figures.

Take Advantage of Low Prices

before the advance in price, which will be made in the next 30 days.

E. VAN LAER,

au 26 tf 413 and 414 North Fourth Street.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, SEPT. 5, 1897

SOME MORE "WARNING."

A few days ago we published, with such comment as it suggested, a "warning" from Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, against rushing the prosperity boom too brash, because in his opinion there was danger of a collapse and a wreck that would not only play smash with business affairs, but pull the Republican party down with it. Mr. Depew didn't refer particularly to political dangers, only to the dangers threatening our business structure, but he evidently had the Republican party in his eye, because he knew the wreck to which he referred meant wreck to it.

Mr. Depew is not the only Republican who thinks there is a disposition to run the coulter too deep, and to make too much ado over the change in the business conditions which has come as the result of high priced wheat. There are others who advise going slow and looking at things as they actually are, rather than as they are extravagantly represented by persons who are deceived themselves, or are from partisan or other motives talking to deceive others. The editor of the Springfield, Mass, *Republican* is one of those who is not carried away by these optimistic picturings of the present and prospective boom. He comments upon the talk about dollar wheat thus:

"No party should indulge in lies "The farmer now receives for his wheat $1 a bushel—payable in gold," says the platform of the Pennsylvania Republicans. The truth is that "dollar wheat" in New York means about 80 cents in Nebraska, and dollar wheat in Chicago means about 83 cents in Nebraska. There is always considerable difference between the quotations at the speculative centers and the hard cash received on the farm."

Dollar wheat in New York means that the cost of transportation and commissions and sundry other charges must come out of the dollar, leaving the farm price about 60 cents. The less these cost of course the more the farmer gets out of his wheat. The probabilities are that by the time the surplus of this wheat crop is disposed of and in the final market the "farmers" in the wheat pits of Chicago and New York will have made more out of it than the Western farmers who sowed and harvested it.

Speaking of the jumping ability of wheat under the manipulation of speculators, the *Republican* says:

"Wheat has shown its ability to jump and touch $1, but it cannot as yet hang there. The foreigners meantime decline to come panic stricken into our markets, and the indications for the moment are that reports of great shortages in European potatoes and breadstuffs other than wheat have been considerably exaggerated."

Appropos of the big influx of European gold that was to come into the country in exchange for our foodstuffs, it remarks:

"Foreign bankers in Wall street estimate that England has sold and exported to this market some $50,000 000 in American securities since June 30 and at a large profit. This is the most substantial result to date of the largely fictitious booms in stocks, and goes far to relieve the Britishers of the reputation of never being able to sell in the American market except at the bottom or to buy except at the top."

And then over the shoulders of the wild-eyed statistician of the U. S. Department of Agriculture it thus taps the prosperity boomers who require nine or more figures to make their estimates:

"Some of the hysteria of the wheat market has gone into the Federal Department of Agriculture. Assistant Secretary Brigham declares that the farmers this year will gain from $100 000 000 to $500,000,000 over last year 'for wheat' alone. But if wheat should rise to $1 a bushel at Chicago and stay there, the farmers and middlemen together would get only $500,000,000 for the wole crop if every bushel was sold and none eaten or retained for seed. Evidently Mr. Brigham is under the impression that last year's crop was given away. His estimate of gain would be about twice as large as it ought to be if applied to all farm products."

We published something from the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* the other day on these exaggerated estimates, showing that if the farmers sold their entire crop of wheat at a dollar a bushel they would not receive more than $160,000,000 more than they did last year, a pretty large sum, but a very large margin between it and $400,000,000 or $500,000,000.

These extracts show that our Massachusetts contemporary has not permitted itself to become unduly excited or to fly off at a tangent, and that it prefers to go slow and take a very matter of fact view of the boom and of the situation, and it has a pretty good reason for it, as will be seen by the following:

"But next Fall also comes the Congressional elections, and how would 60 cent wheat figure therein? After a campaign waged on the dollar-wheat issue, what would be the prospects of a campaign following a harvest of 60 cent wheat? The fact is the more dollar-wheat is now emphasized for political effect, the more damaging to the Republicans will become 60 cent wheat in the hands of the opposition. When, therefore, the Pennsylvania Republicans make dollar-wheat a part of their platform note of triumph, they are helping to fasten the fortunes of the party to a standard of commodity prices which everybody knows to be the product of extraordinary and momentary conditions, and which cannot possibly last through more than one or two campaigns. They are so arranging matters that the future and inevitable slump in prices must redound to the advantage of the Democrats."

This is the talk of a pretty cool and level-headed politician who looks at the future as well as the present and doesn't believe in raising the hallelujah chorus until he feels that he is out of the woods, and in the open where he can see what is before as well as what is behind him. We have heretofore spoken of the contingency of low wheat next year should the crops prove fair in other countries, with the indications now pointing that way, at least in Argentina and India, both of which are competitors of the American wheat grower. There are no indications of a continuance of high prices, but on the contrary lower prices are next thing to absolutely certain.

Then, as our prudent New England editor asks, what will become of this boasted dollar wheat which Republican platforms are virtually claiming as fruit of Republican policies, as a campaign issue? With wheat at sixty cents can they play the reminiscent dollar wheat on the farmers? And may not the farmers demand that the party which gave them dollar wheat one year should continue to give it to them? This would put the Republican managers in a sorely perplexed position after having so cordially and fraternally congratulated the farmers on their good fortune and the big boom that had come to them. The more of that kind of talk they indulge in now the more numerous and the deeper the pitfalls they are digging for their party if a reverse should come and wheat flop back to old figures which there is much reason to believe it will do. The only thing to prevent it will be a repetition of the crop failures in other countries, which would be quite remarkable, and not at all likely, for we have heard from some of them, which give promise of large harvests.

Dollar wheat may do for campaign talk this Fall but it will not keep until next Fall. Then wheat and silver, which have temporarily parted company (a fact over which the gold organs have made such jubilant parade) will come close together again, and as they do, the organs will lower their voices and sing a different tune from that they are singing now.

MINOR MENTION.

The wild estimates of the men who have been distributing among the farmers of this country so many millions more for their crops than they got last year have been punctured by some pretty able writers and statisticians, among them the New York *Journal of Commerce* and the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, some extracts from which we publish to day, and again by Wharton Barker, the able editor of the Philadelphia *American*, who thus calmly disposes of them:

"The two great crops of the American farmers are corn and wheat, crops that make up together from 40 to 50 per cent. of the total value of our agricultural products. Last year our corn crop was worth to our farmers, as estimated by the United States Department of Agriculture, $491.007 000, and our wheat crop $310.603.000, a total of $801,610,000. In 1891 the value of the wheat crop to our farmers was $518 479.711, and the value of the corn crop $886,489 238, a total of $1.849 911 939. In other words, our farmers realized from these two crops nearly $450 000 000 more in 1891 than they did for the same crops in 1896. Their income was thus much greater in 1891 than in 1896, and they had much more to spend during the year 1891-92 than they had last year. Such was the basis of the comparative prosperity of the year 1891-92.

"And can we hope to reach such degree of prosperity in the years 1897-98? With wheat selling around 90 cents in Chicago, the average price realized by the farmer will not be more than 80 cents; with corn around 50 cents in Chicago, a very liberal farm value would be 35 cents a bushel. Of course, wheat and corn may go higher in Chicago and pull up the corresponding prices on the farm at the same time, but there is the same chance for prices of these cereals to go lower as there is to go higher. Now the wheat crop for this year according to the reports of the Agricultural Department, will be about 459 678,000 bushels, the corn crop about 1 968,911,000. This is an increase in the wheat crop over last year of 90,000,000 bushels, a decrease in the corn crop of 800,000,000. At 80 cents a bushel the farm value of this year's wheat crop will be then $367.749 600, the value of the corn crop at 35 cents a bushel $491,808,750, or a total of $858,546,800. And what does this indicate? It indicates that the income of our farmers from these two crops will be $5,000,000 more than last year and $400 000,000 less than in 1891, that our farmers will have $30,099,000 more to spend in 1897-98 than last year, but $400,000 less than in 1891-92."

* * *

The Democrats of New York city have done the sensible thing in coming to an agreement on the elimination of national issues and making the fight solely upon local issues. This gets them together without any surrender of convictions on national issues. It was a distinct victory, however, for party organization when it was insisted by the supporters of the national ticket last year, and conceded by the gold men, that no candidates should be nominated who did not support the nominees of the Chicago convention. Without this agreement there would in all probability have been an independent ticket nominated, with the further probability that a considerable portion of this element would vote for the Republican candidates as urged by the New York *Sun* to do. As it is there will be three tickets, the Democratic, the Citizens Union and the straight Republican, with the chances decidedly in favor of the Democratic. The contest will be watched with interest because the party which controls the Greater New York will not only exert a mighty influence on the politics of the State, but will be a factor of no little strength in our national politics, which was doubtless one of the considerations that drew the two wings of the party together.

Work is now progressing on a new railroad from Durham to Charlotte, which will be a valuable addition to the roads now in operation. It will run through the counties of Durham, Chatham, Moore, Montgomery, Stanley, Cabarrus and Mecklenburg, good counties, all of them, rich in agricultural resources, timber, minerals, quarries and water powers, and for lack of railroad facilities, comparatively undeveloped. Seventeen miles have been constructed and in operation, with six miles more graded, and work is to be pushed through Chatham county on to Durham. The object seems to be to make this a continuation of the Lynchburg and Durham road, with which it will connect at Durham, which, with connection at Charlotte, gives another through line North and South, and another competing line with the Southern system. This was one of the considerations that figured in the granting of the charter in 1893, in which it was stipulated that this road should never be leased or sold to the Southern, or any of its successors. Running through the territory it does it is an enterprise in which the State is interested.

BOOK NOTICES.

The North American Review for September presents a full list of thoughtful articles on subjects now engaging attention in this and other countries. Address, North American Review, 291 Fifth avenue, New York.

The reader who keeps up with the drift of "free thought" as represented by Col. Ingersoll and others, will find *The Free Thought Magazine* for September an interesting number. Address H. L. Green, editor and publisher, 218 E. Indiana street, Chicago, Ill.

The New Time for September discusses a number of topics in which the American people are interested, by able writers, some of national reputation. Among others is an article on Hawaiian annexation by Senator Morgan. Published by Chas. H Kerr & Co., 56 Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

TWINKLINGS.

—"Miss Highsee is a beautiful singer, isn't she?"

"Very. That was what made her singing endurable."—*Washington Times.*

—"She is a decided brunette, isn't she?"

"Very. They say her husband can't call his soul his own."—*Puck*

—"Do you like cabbage?"

"Well, I never eat it; but I smoke it sometimes, I'm afraid."—*Boston Traveller.*

—The Wife—What a sweet smile there is on the baby's face, John.

The Husband—Yes, he's probably dreaming that he's keeping me awake.

—Priscilla—When Charlie started to kiss Clara, the other night, she called out for help.

Patrice—Couldn't she hold him alone? *Yonkers Statesman*

—"Change," the thoughtful man remarked, "is the order of the universe."

"And judging from the scarcity of it," said the practical person, "the universe is a long way behind with its orders."—*New York Evening Telegram.*

—"There is one queer thing noticeable at all picnics."

"What is that?"

"The man who makes the most fuss about carrying the basket always eats more than anybody else."—*Chicago Record*

—If I should fall out of the hammock boat would you do?" she asked.

"I would catch you in my arms," he answered promptly.

"Get ready," she said with feminine impulsiveness.—*Chicago Post.*

—Veteran—So you fought all through the war, did you?

Bloobs—Yes.

Veteran—I did not know you were in the war.

Bloobs—I wasn't. I was at home with my wife.—*Answers.*

—"I see there has been a machine patented which records every time a man moves," said Juniper.

"Well, it would put the machine to a pretty good test if it was tried on some of my tenants," said Piatte, the landlord. —*Yonkers Statesman.*

—Patient—Vot? Two dollars for takin' oud dem teets?

Dentist—Two dollars if you take gas.

Patient—Young man, I t'ought you vos a dentist. I didn't know you vos a gas gombany.—*Puck,*

—"These here quick-firing guns," said Rubberneck Bill, critically examining the weapon left by the gentleman who was being buried, "these here quick firing guns ain't so important as a quick drawing man behind 'em.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

——In all our rejoicing at a revival of business and the return of prosperity, we should not forget, that our apparent good fortune is based upon unusual causes—a big wheat crop here and short crop abroad—and in probability will disappear with the disappearance of such unusual causes.—*Rich mond Stae, Dem.*

——The 10 per cent discriminating clause of the tariff law seems to have slipped in by the back door, which locality appears to have preempted by Spreckels' Hawaiian line of steamers, whose stock in consequence has advanced from $20 to $36 a share. Compared to the back door of congress the "back door to the Klondike" is a slow road to wealth.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

——Ex Gov. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, is authority for the statement that the Republicans will carry Virginia in 1900 unless the Democrats change their base. Gov. O'Ferrall is simply one of the Grover Cleveland fish that jump out of the water and is floundering on the bank in a dying condition. In fact, he is already politically dead and he knows it, or he never would have published the interview credited to him.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

You Might Have Said "Oh!"

I was hard at work in my study
When I heard a gentle tap;
"Come in!" and in came my josie,
Tearful from some mishap,
And I knew that she was longing
To be cuddled in my lap.

"I bruised my finger orful,
And, papa, it does ache so!"
"Well, well, run away to mamma,
For I can't help it, Joe."
She raised her tear-wet lashes—
"Papa, you might have said 'Oo!'"

The study door opened softly
And I was left alone,
With nothing to hinder my writing
But the thought of a tender tone,
Soloving and so reproachful
'Twould have touched a heart of stone.

And I sat and looked at my paper,
But somehow I couldn't write,
And there broke on me in the silence
The dawn of a clearer light;
The touch of that aching finger
Had given me my sight.

Have a tender word, my brothers,
For the little troubles and pains;
It was not beneath our Master—
It is far above our gains;
It will hasten the heavenly kingdom
Where only love remains.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Don't contradict people, even if you are sure you are right.

— Don't believe that everyone else in this world is happier than you.

— Thinking well is wise; planning well, wiser; doing well, wisest and best of all

—There is pleasure in meeting the eyes of those to whom we have done good.

— They who cannot have what they like should learn to like what they have.

— Don't be inquisitive about the affairs of even your most intimate friends.

— Some people, like the earth, have to be broken up before they become useful.

— Don't express a positive opinion unless you perfectly understand what you are talking about.—*Christian Outlook.*

— True goodness is like the glow worm in this, that it shines most when no eyes except those of heaven are upon it.—*Hare.*

— Hath any wronged thee? Be bravely revenged! Slight it, and the work is begun; forgive it, and the work is finished.—*Quarles.*

— There are two things which we must uphold, and first, the sacrifice of Christ upon the cross and the priesthood of Christ in heaven.—*Andrew A. Bonar.*

— Obedience must be the struggle and desire of our life; obedience not hard and forced, but ready, loving and spontaneous; * * * the doing of duty not merely that the duty may be done, but that the soul in doing it may become capable of receiving and honoring God.—*Phillips Brooks*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Dunn *Union:* We learn to day that one of the heaviest rain and hail storm ever known in that section visited the section of country around Newton Grove in Sampson county Tuesday evening, doing much damage to crops. —— Occasionally we hear some farmers say that the crop of cotton is going to be short. They say that the extreme hot weather has injured the crop.

— Newbern *Journal:* E. E. Dennis, who has been engaged in gathering terrapin at Morehead City, some weeks ago began missing them from their pen, a few disappearing every night. One night a short time ago the entire lot in the pen, probably 500, were all taken, and in addition a watch, trunk, thirty dollars in money and some articles in Dennis' house also went at the same time. The thieves in getting away stole a boat, and by this they were traced and two captured, three escaping. The thieves were colored men, and made a confession after being put in jail.

— Roanoke *Beacon:* While Capt. J. E. Reid, of Co. E, First Regiment N. C. State Guards, was driving to his home, two miles in the country, on Monday night about 8 o'clock, and when at a dark and isolated place in the wood just beyond Conoby bridge, some unknown person came up behind his buggy and sprang upon his back, catching him by the arm. Capt. Reid is a powerful man, and with one lick knocked the cowardly would be assassin off, but not before he had received a six-inch gash across the back and another on the shoulder, the latter only cut his coat and the former just touched the flesh. It being very dark and Capt. Reid not being armed, he put whip to his horse before another attack could be made. He says if he has an enemy he is not aware of it, and that he thinks there were others on the road Monday night whose sole purpose was to rob him.

— Nashville *Optic:* Sunday night a colored woman who cooks for W. S Sledge, near Mapleville, asked Mr. Sledge for a watermelon, and there being none at the house she was to'd to go to the "patch" and get one, so in company with another colored woman she started for the melon. When in the edge of the yard she discovered some one trying to break into the smoke house and, leaving the other woman, hastened to the house to inform Mr. Sledge, who picked up his gun and went out, and, seeing something move in the edge of the yard, took it for the thief and fired, killing the colored woman almost instantly. Mr. Sledge realized his dreadful mistake and did all in his power for the unfortunate woman, but to no avail. He willingly defrayed all the burial expenses, and then gave himself up to the authorities. An inquest was held and Mr. Sledge acquitted.

——As Anarchists are no longer allowed to land in England, it is coolly announced in a Madrid dispatch that "the Government must deport them to some American Republic or to a distant Spanish possession." The reference is doubtless to Pan-America, and it is calculated to raise a question as to whether the Monroe doctrine might not be invoked to guard the Republicans south of us against being utilized as a Botany Bay for outlaws who sooner or later would drift across our boundary.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem*

There's no question about it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier. This is proven by its wonderful cures of blood diseases. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

A FLYING MACHINE.

How One Can Be Made In an Hour Without Costing a Cent.

This is the age of flying machines. Of course our boys and girls can hardly expect to make a real machine which will sail through the air and carry them—for

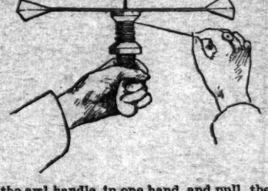
the problem has puzzled more than one wise man—but any boy can make a very successful toy flying machine which will fly, and that is more than many of the larger machines will do.

Get an old tomato can and by setting it on the stove, first one end, then the other, melt off the tin ends. Then cut the cylinder apart and flatten it out so that you will have a perfectly smooth piece of tin. From this cut a piece the shape shown in the picture (a), 5 inches long and 1½ inches wide in the widest part. This work can easily be done with a pair of old shears.

Now procure an empty spool, one with a large body if you can get it, and in the top drive two wire nails (b), and with a file cut off the heads of each. In the narrow part of the strip of tin make three smooth holes (5, 6 and 7), two of which (5 and 6) will fit snugly over the nails in the spool and the third (7) will be directly over the hole in the spool.

Now give the corners 1 and 4 a slight turn downward and the corners 2 and 3 a slight turn upward, and having placed the strip of tin on the spool, fitting it down over the nails, you are ready for your first experiments in flying.

Get a bradawl or a half knitting needle fastened into a stout handle of wood, and pass it up through the spool and through the center hole in the tin. Then wind the spool with a piece of string just as you would wind a top. When this is done, hold



the awl handle in one hand and pull the string sharply with the other. Of course the spool will spin, and you will be surprised to see your tin flying machine whizzing off through the air like a thing of life. If the weather is calm, it will sometimes go to an astonishing height, but you can have as much fun with it in the wind, for then it will play all sorts of odd pranks, turning and twisting and finally coming down to the earth with a plunk.

Any boy can make this flying machine in an hour without costing him a cent.—Chicago Record.

How Grandpa Boiled the Eggs.

"It is half past 11," said grandpa, "and the mason will not have the chimney fixed before 8 o'clock."

"Then I suppose we must get along with a cold lunch," said grandma.

"Well," said grandpa, after a moment, "perhaps I can boil some eggs. I will try it."

"But isn't it too windy to make a fire out of doors?" asked grandma.

"I shall not need a fire," said grandpa. "That sounds like a joke," said Edith.

"No joke at all," said grandpa. "Come out and see. And bring the eggs," he added, "and a can with a tight cover."

When, a few moments after, grandma and Edith went out in the back yard, grandpa was putting some fresh lime into an old pail.

He took the can of eggs they brought and filled it nearly full of cold water. Then fitting the lid on carefully he set it in a hollow place he made in the lime. Edith watched him curiously.

"Will the lime burn?" she asked. "Shall I bring the matches?"

"You forget," said grandpa, "I was not to use any fire. We'll start it with cold water."

"Now I know you're joking!" said Edith.

"Wait a moment," said grandpa, "and you'll see."

He poured in the water and put a board over the pail.

"Oh! cried Edith, when in a very short time it began to bubble and steam as if a hot fire were burning under the pail—and "Oh!" she cried, a great deal louder, when a white, creamy mass came pouring over the top and down the sides of the pail.

It did not last long. In six minutes the bubbling had almost stopped and grandpa took a long iron dipper and gently lifted out the can, all coated with the lime.

He rinsed it off, then opened it and took out the nice white eggs, and when they broke them at lunch they found them cooked just exactly right.—Delia Hart Stone in Youth's Companion.

His Three Thinks.

A father instructed his son never to speak until he had thought three times. One day the old gentleman was standing with his back to a fireplace and his coattail dangerously near the bars. The lawabiding son was in the room and suddenly jumped off his chair.

"Father," he said, with wonderful deliberation, "I think"—

"Well, what do you think?" was the reply.

"Father," repeated the youth, "I think"—

"Well, well, my son, what do you think?" said the father.

"Father," again the boy remarked, "I think"—

"Well, well, what do you think?" said the father impatiently.

"I think your coattail is on fire!"—Exchange.

"Kissing Three."

Our baby's learned to count to three
And is as proud as she can be
In counting dolls and books and toys
And practicing on girls and boys.

But "kissing three" is her best fun.
Ah, do you wonder how it's done?
She corners first papa and me,
For he and she and I make three.

Then, with an arm around each one,
She draws us down, and in pure fun
She kisses both at once, you see,
And that's what she calls "kissing three."
—Mrs. W. D. Field in Babyland.

Would Prove an Alibi.

Lawyer—I'll defend you, Sambo, in this bigamy case, but what defense have you?

Sambo—I kin prove an alibi.

Lawyer—An alibi? How will you prove it?

Sambo—By two odder wives whut I had.—Adams Freeman.

The word nickname is supposed by some to have been eke-name, or additional name; others connect it with the German name for wood imp, a nicken or necken, a tease name, these supernatural beings being the Pucks of German mythology.

In the winter months a child grows only one-fifth as much as it does in June and July.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Without Equal

People's Verdict Regarding Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify my blood and believe there is nothing that can equal it. It cannot be praised too highly. Whenever I have that tired feeling I resort to Hood's Sarsaparilla and it always effects a cure."—BROWN HILLENBRAND, Etter, Virginia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

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Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25 00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 100 000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address

L. A. LYON, Prop
or H. K. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C.
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Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N. C.

The location is a noted health resort; cha beate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.
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"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.
je 12 2m I. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

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NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The 59th Year Opens Sept. 22, 1897.

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College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings completely Equipped
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Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		6¾	7
Standard			7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔		12	14
Sides ℔		6	7
Shoulders ℔		6	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔		6	6¾
Shoulders ℔		5	6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		1 00	1 10
New New York, each		1 30	1 40
New City, each		1 30	1 40
BEESWAX ℔		22	25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M		6 00	7 00
Northern		9 00	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔		10	15
Northern		15	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		47	49¾
Virginia Meal			47
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle			75
CANDLES—℔			
Sperm		18	26
Adamantine		8	10
CHEESE—℔			
Northern Factory		11	13½
Dairy, Cream		12	13
State			10
COFFEE—℔			
Laguyra		20	
Rio		8	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard			5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch		18	
EGGS—℔ dozen		11	12½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel		22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel		11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel		18 00	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel		8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel		13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel			5 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		5 50	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg		3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		5	10
Extra		3 25	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		3 75	4 00
Choice			5 00
Straight			5 25
First Patent		5 25	5 75
GLUE—℔ ℔		7½	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,			47½
Car load, in bags—White,			47½
Oats, from store			30
Oats, Rust Proof			35
Cow Peas		60	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green			6
Dry			8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay		80	85
Rice Straw			50
Eastern			1 00
Western		90	95
North River			85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		1½	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern		5½	6
North Carolina		5	5½
LIME, ℔ barrel		1 15	1 25
LUMBER (Quarry sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed		13 00	20 00
Rough-edge Plank		15 00	16 00
W India cargoes, according to quality		13 00	15 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned		15 00	18 00
Scantling and Board, common		14 00	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds			30
" in bbls			33
Porto Rico, in hhds			30
" in bbls			33
Sugar-House, in hhds		12	14
" in bbls		14	15
Syrup, in bbls		12	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		1 80	10 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		9 50	10 00
Rump			9 75
Prime			8 75
ROPE, ℔ ℔		10	12
SALT, ℔ sack—			
Liverpool			75
Lisbon			60
American		40	50
On Cob			35
SHINGLES, 5 inch, ℔ M—			
Common		2 00	2 50
Cypress Saps		3 50	5 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Raw and Grocery—			
Standard A			5¼
White Ex. C			5¼
Ex. C, Golden			4¾
C, Yellow			4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern			7
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel		9 00	14 00
W. O. hhd			10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping			7 00
Mill, Prime			7 00
Mill, Fair		6 50	6 50
Mill, Inferior to Ordinary		5 00	5 00
SHINGLES, W. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M feet		1 75	2 50
Sawed, 6-4		3 00	3 50
Sawed, Hearts		4 00	5 00
Sawed, Saps		2 50	3 00
Rived, Hearts		3 00	3 50
Rived, Saps		2 50	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		4	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern		1 00	2 00
North Carolina		1 00	2 00
WOOL, ℔ lb—Unwashed			18

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 27¾ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 27¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm: $1.80 per barrel for Hard, $1.80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 31¾c; rosin firm, $1 35, 1 40; tar quiet, $1 05; crude turpentine quiet, $1 90, 1 55, 1 65

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	146
Rosin	560
Tar	123
Crude Turpentine	30

Receipts same day last year—148 casks spirits turpentine, 541 bbls rosin, 47 bbls tar, 13 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 7c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4½	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6	" "
Low Middling	6¾	" "
Middling	7	" "
Good Middling	7 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—733 bales; same day last year, 1 664

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 80 to 2 25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch; $3.50 to 5.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4—Evening.—Money on call was nominally 1¼@1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 486@486¼ for demand; 483¾@484 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485¼ and 486½@487. Commercial bills 483¾. Silver certificates —. Government bonds firm; new fours, registered, 125⅛; new fours, coupon, 125⅜; fours, registered, 111¾; fours, coupon 113; twos, registered, 98, fives, registered 114; fives, coupon, 114. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 136; North Carolina fours 104¼. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 4—Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine firm at 30¼@30¾.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 4—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c asked; sales—casks. Rosin firm; sales—barrels: A, B, $1 10; C, D $1 15; E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30 H $1 40 I, $1 45, K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 95; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27½c bid at the close; sales of receipts after the close at 28½; receipts 1,038 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 3,986 barrels; receipts 3 958 barrels.

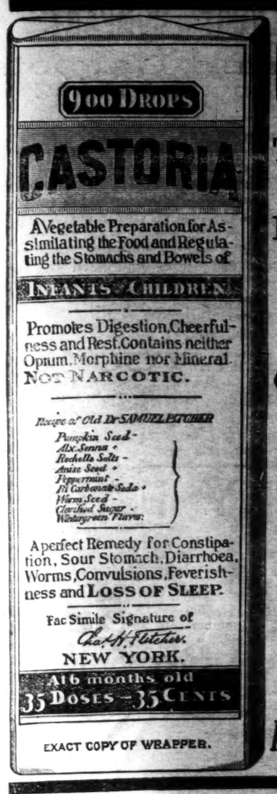
COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 2@5 points. Liverpool cables failing to show the expected response to our advance of yesterday and the average of early crop accounts being favorable. Later the market improved 3@5 points on the more active positions on covering in anticipation of Monday's holiday and following complaints of shedding, rust and damage by insects in parts of the cotton belt, while reports from Fall River dry goods districts were generally encouraging. Later, however, the market turned easier and at one time showed a loss of 5@6 points, with the market finally steady at a net loss of 5@6 points and sales of 31,900 bales.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 7½c.

Cotton futures market closed steady, sales 31 900 bales; Jan'y 6 81, Feb'y 6 84, March 6 88, April 6 91, May 6 94, July —, August



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Chas. H. Fletcher.

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OF EVERY

BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

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The Three European Races.

Instead of a single European type there is indubitable evidence of at least three distinct races, each possessed of a history of its own, and each contributing something to the common product, population, as we see it today. If this be established, it does away at one fell swoop with most of the current mouthings about Aryans and pre-Aryans, and especially with such appellations as the "Caucasian" or the "Indo-Germanic" race. Supposing for present peace that it be allowed that the ancestors of some peoples of Europe may once have been within sight of either the Caspian sea or the Himalayas, we have still left two-thirds of our European races and population out of account. As yet it is too early to discuss the events in the history of these races; that will claim our attention at a later time. The present task before us is to establish first of all that three such racial types exist in Europe.—Professor W. Z. Ripley in Popular Science Monthly.

MOTHER! The sweetest and the most expressive word in the English language and the one about which the most tender and holy recollections cluster is that of Mother—she who watched our tender years; yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with great danger **Mother's Friend** so assists Nature in the change taking place that the Mother is enabled to look forward without dread or gloomy forebodings to the hour when she experiences the joy of **Motherhood.** Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is left stronger after than before confinement.

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Bread Crumbs.

Many recipes call for cracker dust in which to roll the food that is to be fried in deep lard. If these directions are followed, the result will never be satisfactory. Cracker crumbs soak in the fat and should only be used for any dish to be set in the oven—as escalloped oysters or potatoes au gratin. For deep lard cooking only bread crumbs should be employed. If oysters are first rolled in the fine bread crumbs, then in egg beaten up with one tablespoonful of water, a seasoning of salt, cayenne pepper and a dash of Worcestershire sauce, then again and carefully rolled in the crumbs until completely covered and finally immersed in the smoking fat—have plenty of that—they will be found to look and taste exactly like those served at the best restaurants. Any one who is familiar with the sticky half burned, half raw fried oyster usual to the private house should try this recipe, following its directions implicitly and be thankful for it.—New York Post.

The small boy may belong to the rising generation, but his mother feels inclined to doubt it sometimes when she is trying to get him out of bed in time for breakfast.—Somerville Journal.

THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE!

Happy and Fruitful Marriage.

Every MAN who would know the GRAND TRUTHS, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and the New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would shone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for our wonderful little book, called "Complete Manhood and How to Attain It." To any earnest man we will mail one copy Entirely Free, in plain sealed cover.

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you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

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CASTORIA.

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THE KETTLE.

Oh, I am a kettle, a kettle am I!
I never shall strive to deny it.
There's nothing about me that's sneaking or sly.
Deception? I never shall try it.
Bubble, I say, and bubble, I say!
Some folks may not like it, but that is my way.
I mind my own business and give no trouble.
Bubble, hub-bubble, hub-bubble, hub-bubble!

They say I am black. I admit it is true—
A respectable tint, and I love it.
I never, no, never, set out to be blue,
As for yellow or red, I'm above it.
Bubble, I say, and bubble, I say!
I'm ready to talk any time of the day.
Heap on the coals and my song I will double.
Hub-bub-hub-bubble, hub-bubble, hub-bubble!

—Laura E. Richards in St. Nicholas.

FIRST METHODIST SERMON.

Preached by John Wesley Over a Century and a Half Ago.

"On the 7th of March, 1736, John Wesley preached the first Methodist sermon ever preached on this continent," writes the Rev. W. J. Scott, D. D., in The Ladies' Home Journal. "It was delivered not far from the site of the present Christ church, Savannah, of which he subsequently was the third rector, and was addressed to a mixed assemblage. His congregation hardly exceeded 400 persons, including children and adults, re enforced, however, by 100 or more of the neighboring Indians. Wesley discussed in a most eloquent manner the principles of Christian charity as argued by St. Paul in the thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians. He made a powerful appeal, and many of his audience were in tears. While he was not so impetuous in his delivery as in after years, his abilities at that time bespoke the great preacher and author he was to be.

"If he was more scholastic in style than in after years, the fervor and force of his appeal were none the less felt by his hearers. Especially was this strikingly true when in the course of his discourse he adverted to the death of his father, who for 40 years or more had been the incumbent of the Epworth rectory. This venerable man was asked not long before his death, 'Are the consolations of God small with you?' 'No, no, no!' he exclaimed, with uplifted hands. And then, continued Wesley, calling all that were near him by their names, the dying patriarch said: 'Think of heaven, talk of heaven. All time is lost when we are not thinking of heaven!' This was spoken by Wesley in a tremulous voice, and his new parishioners at Savannah were for the instant almost swept off their feet by a tidal wave of religious enthusiasm. Tradition has it that several Indians who were present became so greatly excited, not only by Mr. Wesley's impassioned oratory—though they did not understand a word he said—but by his gestures, that one old warrior nervously clutched his tomahawk, fearing an outbreak in the strangely moved audience."

Tillman's Signature.

All notes issued by the government bear the indorsement of the register of the treasury, and everybody is familiar with the finely written, somewhat effeminate signature of Mr. Tillman. Like that of Grover Cleveland, who conferred public office on the Tennessean, Mr. Tillman's handwriting suggests a man entirely different in personal appearance from his real self. He is tall, broad shouldered and inclined to rotundity. His linen is always immaculate. A waistcoat cut U shape and extremely low allows a broad expanse of shirt bosom, embellished by a magnificent diamond stud, to be seen. His diamond, his shirt front and his stalwart build have made Mr. Tillman a noticeable figure in Washington.

Just how Mr. Tillman began the practice of sending a dollar bill or a bill of any other denomination to a person whom he wished to see is not definitely known, but the friends of the register tell this story about it: Mr. Tillman went visiting one evening. When he opened his card case in response to the presentation of a silver plate by a servant, he found it empty.

"I haven't a card with me," he explained and was about to send up his name by word of mouth when a happy thought came. "This will serve as well," he said, fishing out a dollar note and placing it on the salver. "That's not for you, mind," added the Tennessean, detecting a look of cupidity in the servant's face. "Give it to Mr. ——. He'll understand."

But Mr. —— did not understand. He sent back the money, with a request for an explanation

"Well, well," said Mr. Tillman. "How odd. There's my name, plain as daylight, in the lower left hand corner."

The register was received at once.—New York Sun.

Began Small.

Two white haired old women were sitting together in a Lake street elevated train the other afternoon and discussing their grown up children. The son of one of the two passengers, a dignified looking man, sat a few seats in front of them reading a newspaper.

"Now, there is William," said the mother, nodding in the direction of the man with the paper. "See how well he has got along in life. He says he is worth $300,000 already, and expects to double it if he lives 15 years longer."

"Yes," said the other old lady, "and he began life in a very small way, didn't he?"

"Well, I should say he did," was the answer. "He only weighed six pounds, and John and I never thought we would raise him." The old lady never understood why the passengers smiled when they heard her words.—Chicago Tribune.

Spencer's Rebuke.

Herbert Spencer plays billiards. Once at the Athenæum club he played 50 up with an antagonist, who ran out without giving the author of "The Synthetic System" a chance of handling his cue. It was very provoking and Mr. Spencer felt constrained to speak. "Sir," he said, "a certain ability at games of skill is an indication of a well balanced mind. But adroitness such as you have just displayed is, I must inform you, strong presumptive evidence of misspent youth."

CASTS OF PLASTER.

DESCRIPTION OF AN IMPORTANT CHICAGO INDUSTRY.

That City and Milwaukee Supply the Demand of the United States and England For Plaster Cast Work—A Peep Into One of the Noiseless Workshops.

Chicago holds a place in the world of art which very few people dream she possesses. The western metropolis is the center of trade and the market for all the decorative plaster cast work which is used in the country. Chicago not only supplies the Mississippi valley and the west with copies in plaster from the masters, but nearly all of the east.

The trade in Chicago has an able competitor in Milwaukee in the kind of work turned out, but no such amount of work comes from the casting shops of that sister city as is turned out here. However, the combined trade of Milwaukee and Chicago manages to supply the demand of all the United States and even that of England.

The dirty Italian peddler who goes from house to house selling his little plaster Venuses and Dianas did not learn his trade in sunny Italy. It is not an importation from his native shores. The pretty copies of the beautiful and fantastic in art are not a breath of some great foreign artistic atmosphere brought here by the scum of Roman and Milanese streets. The plaster works of art on sale in Chicago are an indigenous product, the work of native hands and native thought.

There are at least a dozen firms in operation here. The work which they furnish for the public includes not only the little statuettes, bas-reliefs and busts which are familiar to the eyes of pedestrians in shop windows, but also the extensive decorative work in plaster used in the construction of buildings.

The trade of the decorative plasterer, as this kind of artist is known, is simple, yet interesting. The men employed are divided into two classes, the molders, or sculptors, and the casters.

The sculptors are men of ability. They perform the most important work in clay. They originate the designs and copy clay figures from the great masters. With deft touch and idealistic thought they fashion beautiful bits of work from the wet clay. It is a work of upbuilding, of fashioning from the lifeless clay the laughing head of a woman or the sardonical grin of a faun. The sculptor works only in clay and models with his blunt, flat pencil great panels and strips of graceful, decorative work for the interior finish of buildings. On him hangs the responsibility and on him depends all the success of the future work. He is the modeler of designs which the plasterers use as the matrices of innumerable copies.

When the model in clay is completed, it is laid aside for 48 hours to dry. During that time the water used in softening the clay to make it malleable evaporates, leaving the work of the sculptor almost as hard and durable as marble. This stage in plaster work is called clay modeling.

The design is now ready for the casters. The clay model is brushed with shellac and prepared for the covering of gelatin glue and the making of the glue mold. The model is covered first with a so called shell. This is made of plaster and fits over the model like the full high cover of a flat salad plate. An aperture is then made in the shell as it rests upon the model, and into this aperture the liquid gelatin glue is poured. It flows around the intricate design of the model and is left overnight to harden.

In the morning, when the shell is removed, this glue mold has hardened and can itself be lifted entire from the clay model beneath. It bears on its underside an exact imprint of the model, and it has the consistency of a piece of soft india rubber. It is durable, however, and serves as the mold from which the plaster casts themselves are made.

Generally large clay models are taken in sections, so that the glue mold is of manageable size. Into it is poured the liquid plaster, forming the head or arm or figure in plaster the exact counterpart of the clay.

The third stage, that of pouring the plaster into the glue mold, requires a certain amount of dexterity and neatness, for the material hardens quickly, and no time can be lost. When a model is made in sections, the plaster imitation is glued together to make the whole and then covered with shellac to protect it from soiling by the dust and soot of the atmosphere.

The workshop of the plaster molders is a curious place. No machinery whatever is used in the work. No gigantic wheels or buzzing saws make the room noisy with their revolutions. Over in one corner stand a stove and a big boiler, in which the glue is melted. This is the only implement, besides the tiny tools, which is brought into a work that is essentially a work of the hands.

The tools are as rude and immature as those of the aborigines. Yet no other tools are needed. Those used by the sculptor are pieces of flat, highly polished wood, 6 or 8 inches in length and very blunt. Tools are also used upon the plaster cast to round out sharp, harsh corners. These are of metal, 10 inches in length, flat, pointed and fashioned with rows of tiny teeth on either side.

A certain kind of decorative work is made by these plasterers which looks, when completed, like wood. Instead of plaster, a kind of composition, the making of which is a secret, is used. This composition when dry is grained, admits of the introduction of filling and is susceptible of as high a polish as any hard wood. Decorative work in this composition is used as molding and other wall finishing, as the caps of wooden columns and in all the various phases of interior or exterior finish. It is durable, resists the inclemency of the weather and does not cost as much as the carved wood itself, and when completed cannot be distinguished from the latter.—Chicago Times-Herald.

GRANT AND SHERMAN.

Their Generous Appreciation of Each Other's Abilities.

In The Century, General Horace Porter says, in the course of his "Campaigning With Grant:"

A little before 9 o'clock on the evening of Sept. 4, while the general was having a quiet smoke in front of his tent, and discussing the campaign in Georgia, a dispatch came from Sherman announcing the capture of Atlanta, which had occurred on Sept. 2. It was immediately read aloud to the staff, and after discussing the news for a few minutes and uttering many words in praise of Sherman, the general wrote the following reply: "I have just received your dispatch announcing the capture of Atlanta. In honor of your great victory I have ordered a salute to be fired with shotted guns from every battery bearing upon the enemy. The salute will be fired within an hour, amid great rejoicing."

In the meantime the glad tidings had been telegraphed to Meade and Butler, with directions to fire the salute, and not long afterward the roar of artillery communicated the joyful news of victory throughout our army and bore sad tidings to the ranks of the enemy. An answer was received from Sherman, in which he said: "I have received your dispatch and will communicate it to the troops in general orders. * * * I have always felt that you would take personally more pleasure in my success than in your own, and I reciprocate the feeling to the fullest extent."

Grant then wrote to Sherman: "I feel that you have accomplished the most gigantic undertaking given to any general in this war with a skill and ability which will be acknowledged in history as unsurpassed, if not unequaled. It gives me as much pleasure to record this in your favor as it would in favor of any living man, myself included."

The above correspondence with Sherman recalls the letters which were interchanged between them after General Grant's successes in the west. The general wrote to Sherman at that time: "What I want is to express my thanks to you and McPherson as the men to whom, above all others, I feel indebted for whatever I have had of success. How far your advice and assistance have been of help to me you know. How far your execution of whatever has been given you to do entitles you to the reward I am receiving, you cannot know as well as I. I feel all the gratitude this letter would express, giving it the most flattering construction." Sherman wrote a no less manly letter in reply. After insisting that General Grant assigned to his subordinates too large a share of merit, he went on to say: "I believe you to be as brave, patriotic and just as the great prototype, Washington; as unselfish, kind hearted and honest as a man should be, but the chief characteristic is the simple faith in success you have always manifested, which I can liken to nothing else than the faith a Christian has in the Saviour. * * * I knew, wherever I was, that you thought of me, and if I got in a tight place you would help me out if alive." The noble sentiments expressed in this and similar correspondence were three bright spots which served to relieve the gloomy picture of desolating war.

Nicknames.

Washington was nicknamed the Father of His Country, Americus Fabius, the Cincinnatus of the West, Atlas of America, Lovely Georgius (a sarcastic nickname applied by the English soldiery), Flower of the Forest, Deliverer of America, Stepfather of His Country (applied by bitter opponents during his presidency), and Savior of His Country; Adams was nicknamed Colossus of Independence; Jefferson, Sage of Monticello and Long Tom; Madison, Father of the Constitution; Monroe, Last Cocked Hat; J. Q. Adams, Old Man Eloquent; Jackson, Old Hickory, Big Knife and Sharp Knife, Hero of New Orleans, Gin'ral and Old Hero; Van Buren was Little Magician, Wizard of Kinderhook, Follower in the Footprints, Whisky Van and King Martin the First; Harrison, Tippecanoe, Old Tip and Washington of the West; Tyler, Young Hickory and Accidental President; Polk, Young Hickory; Taylor, Rough and Ready, Old Buena Vista and Old Zack; Fillmore, the American Louis Philippe; Pierce, Purse; Buchanan, Old Public Functionary, Bachelor President and Old Buck.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

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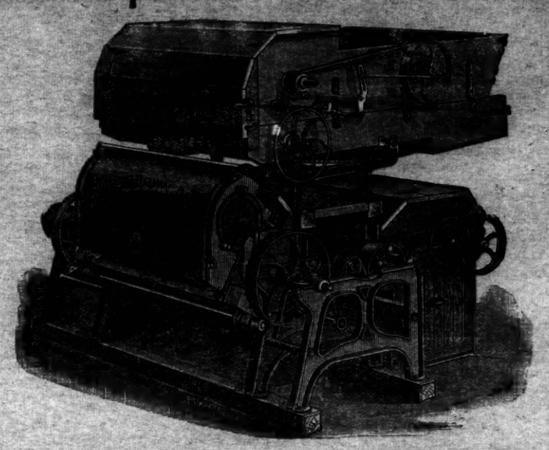

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 408.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	.....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	.....
Leave Maxton	6 14 p m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	6 52 p m	.....
Arrive Hamlet	7 53 p m	.....
Leave Hamlet	7 15 p m	*6 15pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	6 32pm
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	6 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	7 26am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	8 48am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 35 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	.....	9 30am
Arrive Lincolnton	.....	10 30am
Arrive Shelby	.....	11 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	.....	11 55p m
Arrive Rutherfordton	.....	12 30pm
†9 40 a m Leave ..... Hamlet ..... Arrive		6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive ..... Cheraw ..... Leave		15 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 409.
Leave Rutherfordton	.....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	.....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	.....	5 55p m
Leave Lincolnton	.....	6 26pm
Leave Mt. Holly	.....	7 35pm
Leave Charlotte	*6 10 a m	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	6 55 a m	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 a m	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 35 a m	.....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 a m	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 a m	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 a m	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 70 a m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 a m	.....
Leave Maxton	9 05 a m	.....
Leave Lumberton	9 53 a m	.....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	.....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*9 15 a m	*11 30pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 50 a m	3 16a m
Arrive Portsmouth	5 00 p m	7 45a m
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 p m	*8 15a m
Arrive Washington	11 10 p m	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 a m	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*9 48 a m	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 a m	1 40a m
Arrive Athens	1 15 p m	3 45a m
Arrive Atlanta (Central Times)	2 50 p m	5 30a m

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

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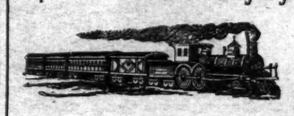

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.02 p. m., Ore Hill 5.32 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.08 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m., Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7.40 a. m. Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1.58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8.00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

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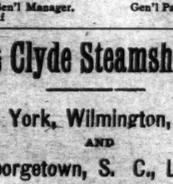

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PAWNEE, Saturday, Sept. 11

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE, Saturday, Sept. 4
CROATAN, Saturday, Sept. 11

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CROATAN, Tuesday, Sept. 7
PAWNEE, Tuesday, Sept. 14

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT AUGUST 16, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 42—Passenger—Due Magnolia 12.20 p m, Warsaw 11.1 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.52 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.08 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.40 p m — No. 60—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3.55 p m, Newbern 5.20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 58—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.19 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 8.42 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 69—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.45 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.58 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.40 p m — No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 12 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 3.55 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 8.56 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.06 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 55 a m, Greenville 8.35 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 38 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.30 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.06 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 35 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, SEPT. 5, 1897

GENERAL FITZ LEE.

U. S. Consul General at Havana Takes His Departure—No Significance Attached to His Leaving—Not Likely That He Will Return.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, September 4.—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the United States Consul General, accompanied by his son and private secretary, will embark this afternoon on board the steamer Segurance, bound for New York.

When asked as to his apparently sudden departure from Cuba, Gen. Lee said his leaving Havana had no significance, as he was simply availing himself of a leave of absence granted to him by the State Department.

Previous to leaving this city, General Lee called upon and bid farewell to Captain General Weyler and the Marquis Ahumada, the Governor of Havana and Acting Captain General when General Weyler is absent from Havana.

WASHINGTON, September 4.—No official information could be obtained here regarding the return of Gen. Lee, but it is understood that he has been granted leave of absence with permission to return to this country. The business of the consul general will be in charge of the vice consul general during his absence. It is quite probable that General Lee will not return to Havana. It will be remembered that when the new administration came into power General Lee and other officials holding positions tendered their resignations. There followed a great deal of speculation as to whom the successor of General Lee would be and several names were mentioned in this connection. About this time the disclosures concerning the condition of Americans in Cuba became public and based on the reports of General Lee and other consular officers in Cuba President McKinley sent a message to Congress stating the destitution of the Americans in the island, and Congress immediately appropriated $50,000 for their relief. The publication of these reports caused a great deal of criticism of General Lee in the Spanish and Havana papers and intimations were made that General Lee was to be superseded because he was unsatisfactory to the new administration. It was also said that when these reports reached General Lee he informed the State Department that, while he was anxious to be relieved, he did not want to retire under fire. The course pursued by the administration in not naming his successor leaves no ground for the intimation that there was dissatisfaction with him officially. Now there has been a period of comparative quiet in Havana and General Lee has remained long enough to denominate that his course was not disapproved. While State Department officials are unusually reticient regarding the return of General Lee, there seems to be little doubt that he will not return to Havana and that his successor will soon be selected.

NATURAL GAS EXPLOSION.

A Number of People Killed at Broad Ripple, Indiana—Property Loss $10,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 4.—At 2 30 p. m. it was reported that seven dead bodies had been removed from the ruins of the gas explosion at Broad Ripple today. Of these, only three had been positively identified. It is thought at least the remains of two more may be in the debris.

It is supposed that natural gas had accumulated in the Watts cellar and when some one went to the dark room with a light an explosion followed. It shattered the building and injured all the occupants. Every house in the suburb was shaken, and farmers two miles north of Broad Ripple felt the concussion and hurried to the scene. The building was a two-story frame and caught fire from the explosion. People ran from their homes and the hand fire apparatus was hurriedly dragged to the burning building. There was no water supply at hand and the hose was laid in the direction of White river. But the hose would not reach to the flames. A large crowd of persons stood helpless as they saw the building burn. Women ran in the street crying and wringing their hands. The men who went to the rescue found a fierce fire as well as heavy debris in their course. Their hands were burned and they were almost suffocated from the heat, but they worked heroically to relieve the sufferers.

The money loss will likely amount to more than $10,000. All of the buildings destroyed were wooden ones.

BANK STATEMENT.

Changes that Bear Out the Fact of Continued Business Improvement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 4.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, decrease, $5,403,550; loans increase, $8 416,700; specie decrease, $304,700; legal tender, decrease $4,008,000; deposits, increase, $4,765,400; circulation, increase, $536,300. The banks now hold $34 114,150 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

The *Financier* says this week: As predicted in our last week's issue, there are considerable changes in the bank statement this week, bearing out the fact of continued business improvement. Loans increased $8 416,700 and deposits $4,765,400, while the excess in reserve shows a decrease of $5,403,600. Currency shipments to the interior were between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000, and the statement reflects this in a decrease of legal tenders to the amount of $4 008 000, while specie is $304,700 lower. It is probable that next week will see a much larger demand for currency from the interior banks.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Staple Cottons Quiet and Firm—Prints Strong and Active.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 4.—The week closed with quieter conditions prevailing in all grades, though the tone is well sustained in both cotton and woollen goods. The reaction coming after the first rush of early orders is responsible for the retrogression in general interest. The quality of the re-orders being already registered shows that the general run of later needs will be of a liberal character. Staple cottons are quiet but firm; print cloths show great strength, and both at Fall River and Providence the sales have been quite heavy at a market well sustained at 2½c Prints are strong and active. Ginghams were well sustained at advanced prices. Woollen goods await the re-order demand.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

EUROPEAN SITUATION.

ATTENTION STILL CENTRES ON THE FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

Emperor William's Coblentz Speech Greeted with Derision—France in a Delirium Over the Prospect of the Restoration of Alsace-Lorraine—Russia will do Much to Gratify French Ambition—Army Manœuvres in Europe.

[Copyright 1897 by the Associated Press.]

BERLIN, September 4.—Emperor William's Coblentz rhodomontade has been received abroad with derision. Even the Roman press cannot swallow the Emperor's vice regency of heaven, and is describing the blast at Coblentz as the blaring of a war-horn of the ancient German gods. Austria manifests considerable uneasiness on the subject, and throughout Germany a more significant note of danger has been sounded.

The Emperor's speech is generally interpreted as meaning that his Majesty is determined not to yield to the wishes of Parliament, and the newspapers, though hardly daring to say so openly, clearly intimate that the Emperor's idea of his mission does not agree with his excellent position. While his Majesty may be responsible to nobody but God, it is added, the responsibility for the Emperor rests upon the ministers whose work the nation intends to control, no matter how omnipotent or omniscient his Majesty proclaims himself.

The thoughtful and liberal-minded in Germany feel much abused, and naturally the conservative and the whole of the reactionary press are loudly acclaiming the speech. The Liberal newspapers are hoisting the danger signal.

The *Vorwaerts* on Thursday, drew a parallel between the Roman emperors of the Byzantine period and the "other half-mad autocrats," saying: "The Emperor evidently contemplates, for the good of the Fatherland, to reign hereafter in violation of the people's constitutional rights."

The military excesses of the past week or two has been much commented upon. At Carlsruhe, during the course of an orgie held by the officers of the 111th regiment, Lieutenant Knoll was suddenly and murderously assaulted with a sabre by Maj. Von Jacobi, the cause being a toast. A general fight ensued, lasting an hour.

Two non-commissioned officers of the Guards, an artillery regiment at Spandau, wantonly attacked and nearly killed with sabres two civilians with whom they quarrelled in a street.

Lese majeste trials have been very prevalent recently. There were three at Dusseldorf during the past week. At Madgeburg, a Socialist editor was arrested for speaking disrespectfully of the pantaloons worn by the Emperor at the unveiling of a monument there.

Mr. J. G White, of St. Paul, who has been stopping at a hotel in Baden-Baden, has had two letters of credit, amounting to $30,000, and six thousand dollars in cash stolen from him.

LONDON, September 4.—Public attention still centres in the dual alliance, though it has been interrupted by the shoutings of Emperor William of Germany. England remains apathetic in spite of the fact that the center of gravity in European affairs has been shifted to St. Petersburg.

Commenting upon the political situation, the *Spectator* remarks: "The closer we look into the details of the arrangements binding Europe the clearer it becomes that no one of the various Powers can move without Russia. In some way or the other, every Power except Russia is bound either by express agreement or by interests, not to alter the *status quo*."

Queen Victoria and the Marquis of Salisbury, though fully aware of the French jealousies of England, placed great reliance upon the clearcut. English tending influence of the Czarina over the Czar, and believe the alliance really makes for peace. Germany finds solace in the bitter chagrin of Emperor William's remarks, "At St. Petersburg, according to my conviction, we skimmed the cream".

Prince Bismarck too, is softening German susceptibilities by explaining the weakness of the meaning of the words employed by the Czar.

In France, particularly in Paris, the delirium continues. Russian names are given to every possible article of fashion and luxury; the streets, still gay with Russian colors, will be rebaptised; wherever men see pictures of the Czar they lift their hats and the statue of Strasburg, on the Place de LaConcorde, is daily decorated with floral wreaths, in response to the almost universal conviction that Russia means to compel Strasburg's restoration. Though the manufacturers are already disappointed in not obtaining immense Russian contracts, Russia certainly intends to do much to gratify French ambition. The first step announced is the establishment of a Russian legation at Tangier, to support French views in Africa, and France feels, for the first time since 1871, that she is strong enough to have her own way.

The Germans have actually mobilized a larger force than they had on the French border in 1870, within ten days of the declaration of war, and the troops are in the very positions they would occupy if actually mobilized for war to-day.

Though army manœuvres on a grand scale are occurring in the Crimea, the Czar at the Warsaw manœuvres will witness the operations of 4 500 officers and 120,000 men. The manœuvres will be particularly directed towards solving the difficulty of supplying the troops with hot food in the field and improving the bicycle, postal, telegraph and ambulance services.

The French army manœuvres, which will be held in the north of France, will bring two army corps together.

The British army manœuvres, finished to-day near Arundel, which furnished instruction to 30,000 men, have not called forth any particular comments from the military critics, except their complaints of the presence of too many boys in the ranks and the remark that the continental armies out-class the British in organization.

While Queen Victoria was travelling from Osborne, Isle of Wight, to Gosport, during the week, on her way to Balmoral, Scotland, her Majesty called Staff Captain W. G. Goldsmith, commander of her yacht, to the quarter-deck and, in the presence of the court and of the crew, she conferred upon him the honor of Knighthood. The affair was entirely spontaneous and is one of the few instances of knighthood having been conferred by the Queen's own initiative, instead of as a result of political intrigue.

President Faure is quite delighting Paris with the gossip of the Russian court. What astonished him most was the informal and entirely unaffected manners of the Emperor and Empress. The imperial couple, he explains, lived exactly like private people—in a small cottage, with their children, dogs and photographs about. The Czar dislikes a military escort near him; goes about practically unattended, and is immensely popular with the people. This last statement is confirmed by the reception his majesty met with at Warsaw this week. There the Poles seemed to have given him a most hearty welcome, and in political circles much importance is attached to his majesty's visit to Poland.

Between the intervals of the universal shooting for peace, the heads of the various nations have been busy perfecting the effectiveness of their armies by Autumn manœuvres. Emperor William paraded an army corps at Coblentz, Wurzburg and Nuremburg, upon the occasion of his visits to these cities, and to-day at Hamburg his Majesty paraded four armed corps before himself, the Empress, the King and Queen of Italy, the King of Saxony, the King of Wurtemburg, the Prince Regent of Bavaria, the Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Duke of Cambridge, Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia, and many other notabilities. The army manœuvres proper do not begin until Monday next.

STRIKE SETTLEMENT.

Agreement Reached at an Opportune Time for Miners—Work Will Soon be Resumed in the Mines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, September 4.—Secretary Pearce, of the United Mine Workers, speaking to-day of the proposed strike settlement, stated that the agreement had been reached at a most opportune time with the miners. They had just reached the point of the highest success in the strike, and if another week or ten days had passed they would not have been in the condition to demand and secure even a settlement at the 64 cent rate, to say nothing of returning to work at 65 cents. As a matter of fact, while the national officials have given out the information that they have no doubt the miners will accept the proposition when they meet in this city next week, there exists considerable apprehension as to what action the miners may take regarding the matter. The conservative element will no doubt ratify the action of the officials in agreeing to the settlement, but the radical element of the organization may prove rather hard to handle.

PITTSBURG, September 4.—The mine operators' committee returned from Columbus during the day. Chairman Schiendenberg said that the meeting between the miners and operators was a very amicable one, and that the meeting was productive of a better state of feeling between them.

"We feel very sanguine that an acceptance of our 65 cent offer will reach us from Mr. Dolan about Thursday of next week. As we so presume that much would be done on Friday or Saturday, we will say that we are convinced that every mine in the district will make a start on the following Monday. The offer, we think, is a fair one and should be accepted, and as delay will not be of any advantage to any of the parties we do not think the mines will be idle longer than the time specified."

J. C. Dishart, a member of the committe, said resumption of work in the mines now would mean millions of dollars in all lines of industry.

"The operators," he said, "seem to have the worst end of the affair, but they are standing in the last trenches, from which they will not move an inch. I believe that the miners, in duty to themselves and the many lines of trade dependent upon the coal industry, had better accept the offer and start up the mines, doing away with that depression which has existed as a consequence of the strike."

LUETGERT MURDER TRIAL.

Strong Evidence Against the Defendant—Some of It Very Damaging.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 4.—It was a bad day for the defendant in the Luetgert murder trial. The strongest evidence which has yet been given against him was brought out and some of it was damaging. The witness who gave the strongest evidence against the sausage-maker was Mrs. Christina Feldt, a widow, with whom the prosecution alleges Luetgert was infatuated, and to whom it is claimed he has written a number of letters since he has been confined in the jail. Mrs Feldt said that on various occasions Luetgert said to her that he did not care for his wife, and once said that he thought more of the domestic in the house than of Mrs. Luetgert. He also said that he had many quarrels with his wife, and when Mrs Feldt asked him why he did not secure a divorce, he said that as soon as his financial troubles were over he "would settle with her." He repeated this several times, and called his wife a "carcass" and other names.

A niece of Mrs. Luetgert and two other women identified the rings taken from the vat as being the property of Mrs. Luetgert. The niece said that she at one time had borrowed the rings and worn them.

Gottliebe Schimpke, fourteen years of age, testified that on the night of the disappearance of Mrs. Luetgert she saw at about 11 o'clock, as she was returning from a dance, the defendant and his wife enter the factory. This was at the time when the watchman was absent, Luetgert having sent him on an errand to the drug store. On cross examination the girl broke down badly.

The State, it is said, will in a short time produce as evidence the portion of a human skull, a number of teeth and a finger-ring, which were found in the factory, and will endeavor to show that they belonged to the missing woman.

THE INTER-STATE SHOOT.

Georgia Marksmen Capture the Principal Matches of the Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

STATE CAMP, SEA GIRT, N. J., September 4.—But for a light wind the day was a perfect one for the close of the New Jersey State and National Rifle Association shoots. The principal matches of the week—the Wimbledon cup and the President's match—were shot to-day. The latter, the first stage of which began at 11 o'clock, was for the military championship of the United States. The match was divided into two stages, the first stage at 200 and 800 yards, ten shots at each; competitors to shoot with the rifle adopted by the State they represent. In the shoot off for the championship, Private Battey, of Georgia, won, scoring 47 points at the 500 yards, and 49 points at the 600 yard targets; or 96 points in all.

The Wimbledon cup was won by Lieutenant C Wilson, of Georgia with a score of 125, Private George Doyle, of the Seventh Regiment, New York, and Colonel George T. Cann, of Georgia, second, with a score of 117. Cann won the cup last year.

Before the shooting was resumed this morning, the Georgia team received the following telegram from Gov. Atkinson: "The whole State is ringing with praises for the Georgia team. Citizens wild with enthusiasm."

GENERAL LONGSTREET.

Positive Announcement of His Marriage to a Young and Pretty Woman.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 4.—A special to the *Times Herald* from Atlanta, Ga., says: The positive announcement was made to-day by the friends of both parties concerned, that the marriage of Miss Ellen Dortch to Gen. James G. Longstreet would be celebrated at noon next Wednesday at the executive mansion in this city. Gen. Longstreet is 80 years old and very deaf. Miss Dortch is 29 years old and very pretty.

The General is expecting by every mail his appointment from President McKinley as railroad commissioner, to succeed Wade Hampton, and Miss Dortch is a candidate for position as State Librarian.

The Chief of Police of Toronto states that T. V. Hawkins, a colored messenger in the District of Columbia tax office who robbed the safe of $9 000 and fled was captured in that city last night.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

COMMISSIONERS NOT PAYING MUCH ATTENTION TO THE GOVERNOR.

They Will Resist the Executive If He Attempts to Remove Them—Raleigh's Sunday Blue Laws—Penitentiary Self-Sustaining—A Fatal Accident at Durham.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 4.

When asked when he would render a decision in the case of the Railway Commissioners, Governor Russell would make no reply. The Governor referred to himself jokingly as "The Court."

The Railway Commissioners are not paying much attention to the Governor. There is no doubt that they intend to resist the Executive if he attempts to remove them. An injunction will likely be resorted to. The Commission made a direct fling at the Governor when the resolution expressing confidence in Attorney General Walser as its counsel was adopted.

The Southern's vestibule from Norfolk, which was due here yesterday afternoon, has not arrived yet. The trains are blocked at Tunis, where the freight jumped the bridge.

In Durham last evening, Hollie Holloway had both legs crushed by being run over by a Southern railway engine. The young man lived until midnight. He was related here and the interment will take place a few miles north of this city.

Superintendent John R. Smith tells me that the penitentiary will be more than self-sustaining from now on. Revenues will begin to come in during the next few days from farm products.

The Board of Aldermen had under consideration last night the Sunday "blue law." A few weeks since an ordinance was passed prohibiting the sale of everything on Sunday save drugs and mineral water. The Board did not realize that such a sweeping ordinance was being passed. Ice and milk and many other necessaries were excluded under the new law. Last night the Board amended the ordinance so as to include the sale of ice, milk and all soft drinks. The ordinance is still an iron clad one and it will be as much a violation of the law to sell newspapers and other articles, as to dispense whiskey and beer.

HON. WM. J. BRYAN.

His Observations and Utterances After Three Months of Travel.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, MO., September 4.—The *Post-Dispatch* to-morrow will print a letter from Wm. J. Bryan, the first utterance after three months of travel and observation during the return of prosperity. Among other things he says:

"Wheat has risen because the foreign crop has been exceedingly short.

"The fact that wheat and silver have parted company will cause no dismay to those who understand that the law of supply and demand regulates the price of both.

"Nothing can better disclose the weakness of the Republican position than the joy manifested by the Republicans over events for which their administration and their politics are in no wise responsible.

"If the Republicans desire to claim credit for the high price of wheat they must assume the responsibility for the famine in India."

WARM WHEELS

A Newport R I. dispatch says: Vigilant beat Navahoe by fifty seconds.

Wytheville, Va., reports having felt a distinct shock of earthquake yesterday forenoon.

De Lesseps' Diplomacy.

When De Lesseps was in Egypt as president of a sanitary commission in 1834, it became his duty to inspect a great number of convicts in the Egyptian galleys, and among those he found upward of 400 Syrians from Nazareth, all Christians. The Nazarenes begged him to do something to get them free. De Lesseps set about procuring their release. As Mehemet Ali, the viceroy, had reasons for wishing to stand well with the French, he told De Lesseps that he would quietly procure the liberation of five prisoners a week until they were all free, but presently De Lesseps' doors were besieged by the relatives and friends of the remaining prisoners. The Frenchman was so nearly torn to pieces by these importunate people that he purposely had one of his suits of clothes literally torn into tatters, and on the next occasion, when he was to see the viceroy, he wore it.

Mehemet was astonished at such an extraordinary costume. "What has happened to you, M. le Francais?" the viceroy asked. "Oh, your highness," answered De Lesseps, "no one but yourself has put me into this plight, for in ordering that those Nazarenes should be set free at the rate of five a week you have left me the prey of the families of those who remain in the galleys. They are tearing me to pieces, and so it will be as long as any are left. There were 412. Your highness, by computing, can see how long I must go in rags!" The viceroy, after laughing at so extraordinary a piece of diplomacy, ordered that all the prisoners from Nazareth should be liberated at once.—San Francisco Argonaut.

On Their Honor at Princeton.

A marked advance has been made by the students themselves at Princeton during the past few years in the matter of dignity and the ethics of college life. Spontaneously and without influence from faculty or alumni—an influence which generally seems to work inversely to the direction intended—they introduced and have maintained what is now known throughout the college world as the "honor system," under which a student caught by his fellows cheating at examinations loses his social status, is disgraced, and, as a matter of fact, has to retire from the university. It needed only that one or two should be thus ostracized to discover that the mass of honorable students could successfully maintain a system of absolute fairness. So true is this that professors sometimes leave their examination room, and the old time surveillance is a dead letter. The spirit of manliness has still further permeated the student life, and brutal hazing has also disappeared during recent years, it is hoped never to return. —James W. Alexander in Scribner's.

He Didn't Like Tyler.

Among a batch of stories attributed to President Lincoln is the following good one on President Tyler: "During Mr. Tyler's incumbency of the office he arranged to make an excursion in some direction, and sent his son Bob to arrange for a special train. It happened that the railroad superintendent was a strong Whig. As such he had no favors to bestow on the president, and informed Bob that his road did not run any special trains for the president. 'What,' said Bob, 'did you not furnish a special train for the funeral of President Harrison?' 'Yes,' said the superintendent, 'and if you'll bring your father in that condition you shall have the best train on the road.' "—Troy Times.

Professional Contempt.

"I hyahs dat de gemman you wucks foh is er fine picture painter."

"Yaas," replied Erastus Pinkley. "He kin paint pictures good 'nuff. But yoh orter see de way he doneslop de whitewash aroun when he tried ter kalsomine de cellin."—Washington Star.

WISE MEN KNOW it is folly to build on a poor foundation. Relief obtained by deadening symptoms is short. Hood's Sarsaparilla *cures* and gives lasting health.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Rooms for Fast in desirable locality. Address, O., care of STAR Office. sep 5 1t*

Only 10 days left in which to secure the large Cash Discounts on Fine Footwear offered by the Elite Shoe Emporium at Greenwald's, 113 Market street. sep 5 1t

Mr. Luckett desires to say that he is here in the interest of "Collier's Weekly," and he will be glad to receive orders for same. sep 5 1t

A full line of Carpets, Mattings and Rugs arriving by every steamer. Call and examine. J. J. Shepard, No. 18 Market street. sep 5 tf

Job Press for Sale—Size 8½ by 8¼. Prints Bill, Letter and Note Heads, &c., &c. Weight 75 pounds. Brand new. Address, Wilmington Stamp Works, manufacturers of Rubber Stamps sep 3 1t

For Rent—Store No. 113½ South Front street, formerly occupied as Milliner's store. Possession given October 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. D. Wessell, No. 113 South Front street. sep 3 5t

To My Friends and Patrons—I will remove my Confectionery Store the latter part of this week to a more commodious stand, No. 27 South Front street where I will keep on hand a fresh stock of Candies, Fruits, etc. Thanking my customers for their liberal patronage in the past and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain A. S. Winstead. Gilbert's old stand. au 22 tf

Just Received—The fourth invoice of that Fine Coffee, the Coronation Blend, the same as was served at the Banquet of the Carolina Yacht Club. Goods always fresh and the best, at the Atlantic Tea Co., Front and Market streets. au 22 tf

Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 5 tf

Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. sep1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDINGS IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it to their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peel off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a sieve, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra coating, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who superintends the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co, will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated, I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,

W. C. MITCHELL,

sep 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 2ND TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m, 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6 00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., and 2.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.
sep 2 tf

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

au 10 D&W tf

For Rent.

TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good condition. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.

D. O'CONNOR,
au 1 tf Real Estate Agent.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

59th Year, State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course: Grad: V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in *Post Grad*, courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at an average rate of $36 50 per month *exclusive of outfit*. New Cadets report September 1 GEN. SCOTT SHIPP,
jy 18 19t tu th ss Superintendent.

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers, CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last, and all the time, forever.

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Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.

AGENT FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder,

Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and

CAPITOLA

THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

au 15 tf

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

'Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread

Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.

Car load choice Timothy Hay.

Ink to suit all.

Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,

Wholesale Grocer.

au 14 D&W tf

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo L. Morton Co.

y 4 1m

J. L. HILL

Printing Company's

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owner and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

Who Wants to Buy?

3,000 Bushels Corn.
800 Boxes Tobacco (great bargain).
400 cases Starch (Celluloid & Lump).
300 Boxes Soap (Toilet & Laundry).
100 Barrels Pocket Salt.
125 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.

All of these going with stacks of other goods not mentioned, at a close margin. I ask buyers to get my prices.

D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer.
Wilmington, N. C. au 19 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

Mary Swain et al.
vs.
Antonio Swain et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court in the above entitled cause to me directed, the undersigned Commissioner will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on Tuesday, the 7th day of September, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., the following described lot of Land: That lot in said city, beginning at a point in the western line of Fifth street 66 feet north of the northern line of Bladen street, runs thence northwardly with the said line of Fifth street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Bladen street 165 feet, thence south parallel with Sixth street 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning.

JAS. W. SNEEDEN,
au 16 30t Commissioner.

Opening Announcement.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY.

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

To our Friends and Patrons:

We deem it fitting at the opening of our New Store to express to friends and patrons our grateful acknowledgements of the courtesies and patronage conferred upon us before our fire.

As the most practical method of exhibiting our appreciation of confidence reposed in us we have endeavored to so shape our plans for the future as to insure our friends and patrons the best service in everything pertaining to their interests.

After an inspection of our goods and a comparison and consideration of our prices, we feel that you will not fail to be impressed with the advantages we are in a position to offer. We carry everything in the line of Dry Goods and Carpets. We appeal for your patronage. Our terms will be Cash. We will serve your interests faithfully and well.

Yours respectfully,

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Samples sent on application.

P. S.—Mr. R. M. McIntire, who for years was the leading Carpet Merchant in our city, will have charge of this department in our house, where he will be pleased to serve his friends.

Our Carpets were bought before the tariff went into effect. sep 5 tf

AN EARLY FALL.

We expect an early Fall. Our DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter have arrived and are decidedly the prettiest Patterns we have ever shown. Everything is new, in style and fabric. England and France divide honors this season, and the modesty of one mingles with the gayety of the other.

NEW WEAVES FOR FALL OF 1897.

These goods are now in stock and we urge our customers to call and select patterns before they are "PICKED OVER."

DRAP D' ETE, a beautiful fabric with the soft twill of the Henrietta on one side and the appearance of Ladies' Cloth on the other.

EPINGLES.—The heavy twill-characteristic of the old Irish Poplins is noticeable in this fabric, and there is one thing sure, nothing wears better

"EUDORA" Silk Warp. You must call for this weave and examine in order to appreciate it

VENETIAN CLOTH Like Venice, is beautiful, and the price is moderate and within the reach of all.

PAGUIN SERGE—Another new weave, different from anything you have seen. It's an innovation bound to awaken the admiration and bring forth exclamations of delight from womankind.

Bayadere Effects, Broadcloths, Novelty Checks and Plaids in all colors.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 29 tf

THE COST IS NOT CONSIDERED.

WE OFFER

A solid Black Walnut Ladies' Sewing Rocker for $1.50.

A High Back Hand Carved Oak Leather Seat Polished Dining Chair for $1.55.

A High Back Carved Wood Seat Diner for 50 cents.

A Polished Oak Leather Seat Rocker for $2 65.

Walnut Sideboards and Wardrobes at manufacturers' prices.

"Seeing is believing."—Come see.

THE SNEED CO.,

116 Market Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

Special attention to mail orders. au 24 tf

Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$281,344 24	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	28,000 00	Surplus	11,500 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2 250 00	Undivided Profits	1,015 69
U. S. Bonds	50,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	330 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,437 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	4,998 60	Deposits	372,822 48
Over Drafts	82 14		
Due from Banks	34,492 14		
Cash and Reserve	188,527 15		
	$530,668 17		$530,668 17

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Loans Made at the Lowest Rates on Approved Security. Collections a Specialty, and Remitted for Promptly at Lowest Rates

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, President. F. R. HAWES, Cashier.
jy 28 tf

TRUE ECONOMY LEADS TO WEALTH.

Why pay $4 to $5 per cord for wood when for $4.50 you can get nearly twice the value of the wood in coal?

BANNER COAL

We claim is superior to all other Bituminous Coals for Domestic uses.

Points of Superiority

It is the lowest in percentage of ash.
Burns freely, but lasts well, keeping fire over night.
Is the most economical.

NO OFFENSIVE ORDERS. NO CLINKERS.

Try it and you will have no other.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity and to enter into contracts for year's supply.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State Telephone 146.

au 28 tf

Make Your Idle Money Work for You by Depositing it in

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

The next interest quarter will begin September 1st. Deposits made on or before that day begin to bear interest the 1st day of September at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

Every clerk and mechanic in Wilmington should have a nest egg in the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company. au 22 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Makes liberal loans to customers desiring money with which to help move the cotton and tobacco crops, when good security is offered. Every accommodation consistent with security and reasonable profits accorded in all branches of banking.

Promptness and accuracy guaranteed. No interest paid on deposits.